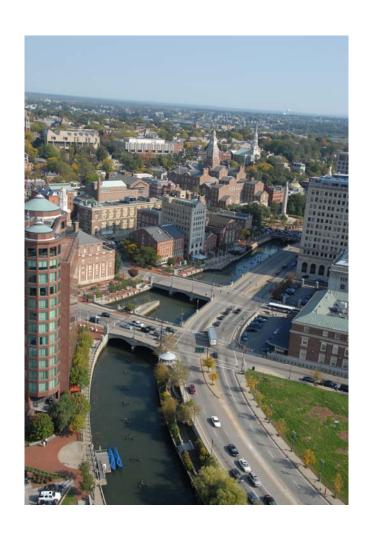
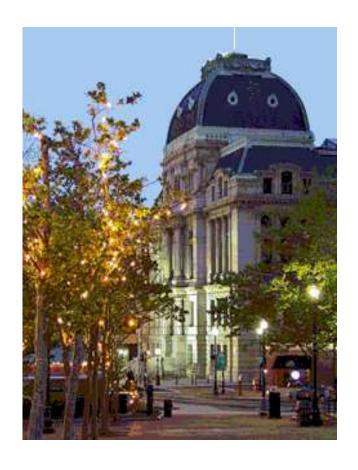
CITY OF PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007





DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE 25 DORRANCE STREET PROVIDENCE, RI 02903



CITY OF PROVIDENCE

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- ORGANIZATION CHART
- LIST OF TOWN OFFICIALS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

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Finance Department "Building Pride in Providence"

December 27, 2007

City Council Providence, Rhode Island

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financials. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Braver PC, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified ("clean") opinion on the City of Providence, Rhode Island's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2007. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A is intended to complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Providence was incorporated in 1832, is located at the head of Narragansett Bay on the Providence River and is the major population, industrial, and commercial center of Rhode Island and the center of State government. Providence occupies a total land area of 18.1 square miles and an additional 1.9 square miles of water. The City is ranked first in population among the thirty-nine cities and towns in Rhode Island.

The City uses a Mayor- Council form of government. A Home Rule Charter was adopted in November 1980 and became fully effective on January 3, 1983. The City provides a full range of services including: General Government, Community Development, Administrative Services, Public Safety, Public Works, Sanitation, Planning and Development, Workforce Development, Recreation, Parks, and Education.

The City adopts an annual budget for the General Fund, including the School department. The legal level of control is by department.



"Building Pride in Providence"

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

According to 2003 data on employment furnished by the Rhode Island Department of Labor and Training, manufacturing industries employed 8.13% of the work force, with the jewelry industry being the largest single employer group. Service employment has continued to exceed manufacturing, now employing 61.49% of the work force. Several industrial parks, built as part of major urban renewal projects, are located in Providence. The Port of Providence has, with its neighboring City of East Providence, over 10 miles of commercial waterfront with 25 wharves and docks for medium and deep draft vessels. The channel has been deepened to 40 feet to accommodate larger vessels. Rail service and transit sheds are accessible to ships docking in the Port. The cargo entering and leaving the Port of Providence includes principally gasoline, fuel and diesel oil, cement and lumber.

The population of the City of Providence increased modestly between 1990 and 2000 from 160,728 to 173,618. The demographic profile of the City has changed considerably. Caucasians represent approximately 54.5% of the population, African Americans represent approximately 14.5%, Hispanics represent approximately 30%, Asians represent 6% and Native Americans represent roughly 1%.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

To provide comprehensive, long-term opportunities for Providence's diverse population, the City has recently embarked on a program to focus the City's assets—its institutions of higher education, its financial and corporate district, its cultural resources, and its nonprofit housing and community institutions, on a unified set of goals.

The City has succeeded in leveraging nearly \$100 million to improve its housing stock through related and new construction programs. With an emphasis on home ownership and owner occupancy, this program is the first of its kind to incorporate the City's resources with those of the Rhode Island Housing and Mortgage Finance Corporation and the State's leading banks. In collaboration with the State of Rhode Island, the development of the PNHC will also become the blueprint for identifying resources to expand and improve employment opportunities, health care, social services, crime prevention, recreation, and neighborhood revitalization programs.

Economic Development

Over the past few years the City of Providence has pursued an economic development strategy designed to foster growth and stability both in the downtown, and its neighborhoods. The objective of this strategy is to: (1) support the transition of the economy from one dependent primarily on manufacturing, to a diversified economic base with major service-oriented



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employment; (2) retain viable industry through the development of new industrial sites while promoting the establishment of new companies that have long-term potential for expansion; (3) revitalize the Port of Providence district's maritime and industrial activities; (4) broaden and enhance the residential tax base by planning and implementing revitalization projects and programs in the City's neighborhoods; and (5) create a coherent development strategy for the downtown core which provides a focus for public investment and private capital.

Redevelopment Initiatives

Under contract with the City, Sasaki Associates, Inc. completed a redevelopment plan for over 200 acres of industrial land along the Providence River known as Narragansett Landing in 2003. The plan builds on a previous plan that Sasaki completed in 2000 that envisioned a conversion of the area to a mixed residential and commercial district. The current plan outlines the actions that the City should take to initiate the redevelopment of the area.

Another redevelopment district is Promenade, which encompasses land adjacent to the Woonasquatucket River between downtown and Olneyville,: it has seen a considerable amount of private development over the past three years. A \$57 million, 325-unit high-end residential apartment complex has been completed by the Texas-based JPI Company on land west of the Providence Place Mall. Feldco, Inc. has constructed the Eagle Square shopping center, a \$20 million project, at the corner of Atwells Avenue and Valley Street. The project was completed in 2004. Farther west, the Armory Revival Company and Struever Brothers of Baltimore are spending \$45 million to renovate a historic mill complex on Valley Street into office space and apartments (both market rate and affordable).

Commercial Expansion

Providence's employment base has experienced long-term shifts to high-grade employment in the service sector that are evidenced by the proliferation of newly constructed office and institutional buildings. Prior to 1983 there was approximately 3,760,000 square feet of office space in the City of Providence, in all categories. Currently, office space has increased to approximately 8,000,000 square feet. Substantial increases in Providence's office market are due to the completion of commercial buildings such as the Fleet Center, One Providence Washington Plaza, One La Salle Square, Gateway Center (home of the Shareholder Services Division of First Data Corporation), and the Citizens Bank Building. (Recent studies indicate an approximate average office vacancy rate of 11%. However, the vacancy rate varies greatly for the categories of A-, B- and C-class space. Respectively, these percentages are approximately 5.0%, 10.0% and 20.0%.). Office development activity in downtown Providence has been reinforced by the recent completion of GTECH's new 10-story corporate headquarters.. With its close proximity to Boston, Providence expects to benefit from the tighter markets to the north for viable opportunities for growth..



"Building Pride in Providence"

Two significant mixed-use projects are underway on Atwells Avenue. Both projects will have retail space on the ground floor with condominiums on the upper floors. A total of approximately 120 new units will built in the next year.

Institutional Expansion

Institutional expansion recently completed or currently underway also represents a considerable investment in Providence. Collectively, since 1990 construction spending by the City's educational and health care institutions on completed projects, as well as projects planned for the near future, exceeds \$200 million.

Public Investment

The City has supported private investment in downtown Providence with major public capital investments. This support has resulted in new and rehabilitated office buildings and hotels; arts and entertainment facilities; and new specialty retail centers and restaurants. Major public sector projects presently consist of Capital Center, the Convention Center, and infrastructure improvements in the Promenade and Old Harbor Sectors of the City; and ongoing capital improvements to the City's public infrastructure, schools, public housing, port facilities, and roadways. Additionally, significant projects completed within the past fifteen years are Kennedy Plaza, a Federal and City investment of \$7 million, to refurbish roadway, public transit and pedestrian facilities in the core of the Central Business District; the Silver Spring Industrial Park, a \$4 million, 30-acre industrial site consisting of 16 development parcels; and. The City also facilitated a \$6.1 million loan to the Providence Performing Arts Center (PPAC) for expansion of its stage house, which was completed in 1995. Kennedy Plaza, which serves as a focal point outside of Providence City Hall, was the subject of a \$17 million renovation and reconfiguration sponsored by the Federal Transit Authority (FTA) through the Rhode Island Public Transportation Authority (RIPTA) in 2000. The Fleet Skating Center, an outdoor ice skating rink open to the public on an hourly fee basis, opened in November, 1998 in the former Francis Street bus loop. This facility is also convertible for other outdoor entertainment uses during the summer months and is currently being used for a Downtown Farmer's Market one day a week. The Rhode Island Public Transit Authority redesigned and improved the transit facilities which completed the redevelopment of Kennedy Plaza which opened in the Spring of 2002. addition, the State Department of Transportation (RIDOT) has committed \$3.2 million to improve traffic circulation in the downtown area. The first phase of the project was to reconfigure Washington Street in 2003 from a one-way to two-way traffic pattern with state-ofthe-art traffic signals and emergency overrides for fire vehicles. Other improvements include the reconfiguration of Empire and Weybosset Streets.



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Debt Administration

Outstanding governmental and business-type activities bonds and at June 30, 2007 totaled \$438 million. Note 7 of this report presents more detailed information about the debt position of the City. The City's bond rating is as follows:

Moody's Investors Service A3
Standard and Poors A
Fitch A

Cash Management

Cash temporarily available during the year was invested for periods ranging from 30 to 181 days to maturity. RI General Laws, Chapter 35-10.1, depository institutions holding deposits of the State, its agencies or governmental subdivisions of the State or in any state or other tax-exempt political subdivision under certain conditions. Trust funds are also authorized to invest in corporate bonds, securities and other commercial paper. Three factors affect investment income: (1) interest rates, (2) fund balances available, and (3) cash flow management.

Risk Management

The City of Providence has a comprehensive program for managing all areas of risk, including health and life insurance for active and retired employees, workers' compensation, heart and hypertension, property and casualty, general liability, professional liability, and other exposures including theft, performance and surety.

The activities of the risk management program are accounted for in an internal service fund. This fund operates on a full accrual basis within self-retention levels. Each year, total risk management costs are charged as an insurance premium to departments based on formulas applying elements of exposure and loss history.

Long –Term Financial Planning

As part of the annual budget process, the Finance and Planning Department present a five-year capital improvement plan. This plan identifies costs and financing methods for those capital projects the city expects to fund over the next five years. The 2008-2012 fiscal year capital improvement plan projects needs through fiscal 2012. The plan provides for the needs of the general government and addresses such issues as infrastructure, major equipment replacement, school facilities, public safety, recreation and public lands and parks. The estimated cost of the Capital improvement plan is \$180,000,000.



Finance Department "Building Pride in Providence"

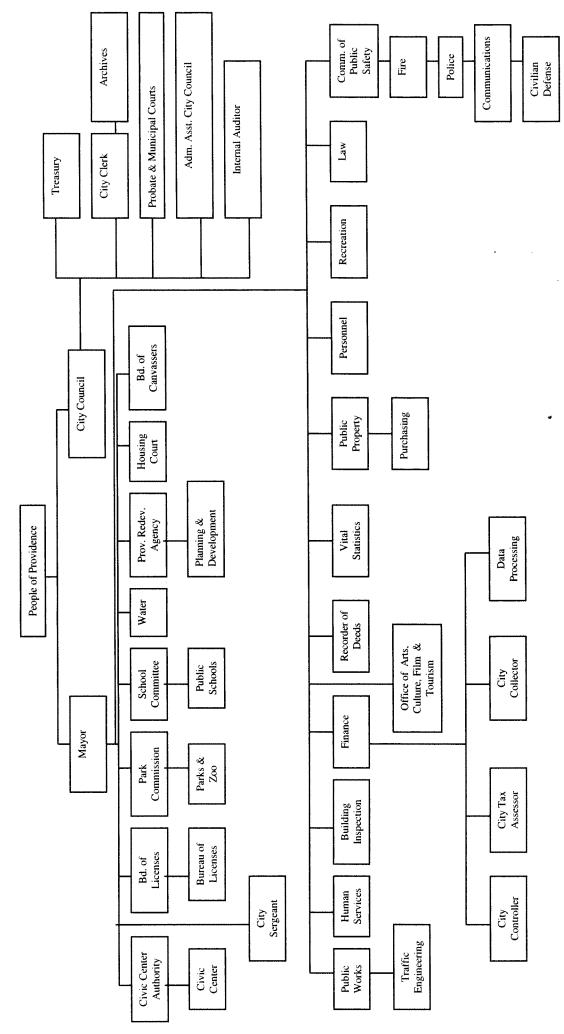
Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the dedication and hard work of the entire staff of the Finance Department. I would like to express my appreciation and gratitude to all members of the Department who assisted and contributed to its preparation. I also appreciate the assistance and dedication of the audit team from Braver, PC. Finally, I would like to thank the Mayor and the City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Bruce T. Miller Director of Finance

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



CITY OFFICIALS AS OF JULY 1, 2007

MAYOR	***************************************	DAVID N. CICILLINE
CITY COUNCIL:		
Ward 1	Seth Yurdin Clifford Wood Kevin Jackson Nicholas Narducci, Michael Solomon Joseph DeLuca John Igliozzi Leon Tejada Miguel Luna Luis Aponte Balbina Young Terrence Hassett John Lombardi Peter Mancini Josephine DiRuzzo	
Chief of Staff Director of Administration Senior Advisor		Deborah Braton John Simmons Christopher Bizzacco
City Clerk City Solicitor Director of Communications Director of Finance Director of Inspections Director of Personnel Director of Planning Director of Public Property Director of Public Works Director of Recreation Fire Chief Internal Auditor Police Chief Recorder of Deeds Registrar of Vital Statistics Superintendent of Schools		Anna Stetson Joseph Fernandez William Trinque Bruce T. Miller Francisco Ramirez Sybil Bailey Thomas Deller Alan Sepe (Acting) John Nickelson Frank Santos George Farrell James Lombardi Dean Esserman Barbara Troncy Ernesto Figueroa Alix Ogden Dr. Donnie W. Evans

CITY OF PROVIDENCE

FINANCIAL SECTION

- INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT
- MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
- BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members Of the City Council Providence, Rhode Island

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Providence, Rhode Island, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Providence, Rhode Island's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in "Government Auditing Standards" issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Providence, Rhode Island, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Boston

Newton

Providence



The Management's Discussion and Analysis, historical pension information, and budgetary comparison information on Pages 3 through 12 and 56 through 63 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated December 27, 2007 on our consideration of the City of Providence, Rhode Island's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Providence, Rhode Island's basic financial statements. The introductory section, budgetary detail, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, capital asset schedules, other schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The budgetary detail, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, capital asset schedules and other schedules been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Brass, PC

Braver, PC Providence, Rhode Island December 27, 2007

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2007

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of the City of Providence, Rhode Island's Basic Financial Statements provides a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

Financial Highlights - Primary Government

Government-Wide Highlights

Net Assets – The assets of the City's governmental activities exceeded its liabilities at fiscal year ending June 30, 2007 by \$52.1 million (presented as "total net assets.") Of this amount, a surplus of \$.8 million was reported as "unrestricted net surplus." The net investment in capital assets was \$51.3 million. The assets of the City's business-type activities exceed its liabilities by \$192.9 million. Of this amount, \$165.3 million represented the net investment in capital assets.

Change in Net Assets – The City's total net assets increased by \$28.8 million in fiscal year 2007. Net assets of governmental activities increased by \$18.4 million, while net assets of the business-type activities increased by \$10.4 million.

Fund Highlights

Governmental Funds-Fund Balances – As of the close of fiscal year 2007, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$158.1 million, a decrease of \$3.1 million over the prior year. Of the total fund balance reported, \$158.1 million represents the "unreserved fund balance" of which \$14.5 million pertains to Capital Project Funds,

\$115.5 million is for non-major funds, 22.2 million pertains to the general fund. 5.9 million pertains to the school grants funds.

Long-Term Debt

The City's total long-term debt obligations related to its government activities increased by \$36.20 million during the current fiscal year.

The total long-term debt of the City's proprietary activities increased by \$53.0 million during the current fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Providence's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements include three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains additional supplementary information (budget schedules) and other supplementary information (combining financial statements) in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. These components are described below:

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include two kinds of financial statements that present different views of the City – the **Government-Wide Financial Statements** and the **Fund Financial Statements**. These financial statements also include the **Notes to the Financial Statements** that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detail.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the City's operations in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the City's financial position, which assists in assessing the City's economic condition at the end of the fiscal year. These are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This basically means they follow methods that are similar to those used by most businesses. They take into account all revenues and expenses connected with the fiscal year even if cash involved has not been received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include two statements:

- The *statement of net assets* presents all of the government's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as "net assets." Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.
- The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods (such as uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). This statement also presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City.

Both of the above financial statements have separate sections for two different types of City programs or activities. These two types of activities are:

- Governmental Activities The activities in this section are mostly supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (federal and state grants). Most services normally associated with City government fall into this category, including the executive, legislative and judicial, financial administration, human resources, public safety, building inspections, public works, recreation, parks, schools, public property, planning, other general government, judgment and claims, retirement costs, debt service, and other employee benefits.
- Business-Type Activities These functions normally are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges to external users of goods and services. These business-type activities of the City include the operations of the City of Providence's Water Supply Board, and Providence Public Building Authority. The City does not have any discretely presented component units.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories. It is important to note that these fund categories use different accounting approaches and should be interpreted differently. The three categories of funds are:

• Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Most of the basic services provided by the City are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spend able resources. They also focus on the balances of spend able resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. This approach is known as using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's finances that assists in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the City.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and the governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statements.

The City has four governmental funds that are considered major funds for presentation purposes. That is, each major fund is presented in a separate column in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. The City's four major governmental funds are – the General Fund, the School Fund, the School Grants Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. All nonmajor governmental funds are presented in a single column. The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found immediately following the government-wide statements.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements — These funds are used to show activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. Because these funds charge fees for services provided to outside customers, including local governments, they are known as enterprise funds. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting. There is no reconciliation needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements. The City has two major enterprise funds; the Water Supply Board and the Providence Public Building Authority. Financial statements for the Providence Public Building Authority may be obtained from the City of Providence Finance Department.

One Internal Service fund is maintained to account for the self-insured health claims and potential legal claims of the City.

The basic proprietary funds financial statements can be found immediately following the governmental fund financial statements.

• Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the city government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. They use the accrual basis of accounting.

The City's fiduciary funds are the Employee Retirement Fund, the Private Purpose Trusts and the Agency Funds.

The fiduciary financial statements can be found immediately following the proprietary fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the fiduciary fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information. This section includes budgetary comparison schedules for the general and school funds - the only governmental funds for which legal budgets are adopted annually. In the 2007 fiscal year, there were no significant modifications to the budgets for both funds as originally adopted.

Other Supplementary Information

Combining Financial Statements and Schedules

Combining financial statements are presented for nonmajor governmental funds and combining schedules are presented by individual grant within the school department. These are presented following the required supplementary information. The total columns of these combining financial statements and schedules are presented in the applicable fund financial statement.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net Assets

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's combined net assets (government and business-type activities) totaled \$245 million at the end of 2007, compared to \$216.2 million at the end of the previous year.

The largest portion of the City's net assets, \$216.6 million, reflect its investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure (road, bridges, and other immovable assets), less any related debt used to acquire that asset that is still out standing. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequentially, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The City of Providence's Net Assets – Primary Government (In Thousands)

			June 30, 2007			June 30, 2006	
			Primary Governm	ent		Primary Governme	ent
		Governmental	Business-type	•	Governmental	Business-type	
*		Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total
Current and other assets		\$ 310,457	\$ 53,971	\$ 364,428	\$ 306,013	\$ 52,810	\$ 358,823
Capital assets	-	498,539	180,113	678,652	448,428	176,465	624,893
	Total Assets	808,996	234,084	1,043,080	754,441	229,275	983,716
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	Total Liabilities	100,405 656,476 756,881	26,023 15,129 41,152	126,428 671,605 798,033	100,460 620,261 720,721	27,864 18,958 46,822	128,324 639,219 767,543
Net assets:							
Invested in capital assets, n	et of						
related debt		51,350	165,284	216,634	22,435	157,507	179,942
Restricted			19,470	19,470		17,515	17,515
Unrestricted		765	8,178	8,943	11,285	7431	18,716
	Total Net Assets	\$ 52,115	\$ 192,932	\$ 245,047	\$ 33,720	\$ 182,453	\$ 216,173

Restricted net assets of \$ 19.5 million primarily represent water restricted funds that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Internally imposed designations of resources are not presented as restricted net assets.

Changes in Net Assets

The City's net assets increased by \$ 18.4 million. Approximately 38.3% of the City's total governmental revenue came from taxes and payments in lieu of taxes, while 46.7 % resulted from grants and contributions (including federal aid). Charges for various goods and services provided 9.9% of the total revenues, while other revenue accounted for 2.4 % of the total, investment and rental income provided 2.7% of the total. The City's expenses cover a range of services. The largest expenses were for schools, public safety, retirement costs, and employee benefits. Revenues from business-type activities in 2007 exceeded expenses by \$ 10.5 million. The increase in revenue was due to increases in unrestricted investment earnings and charges for services.

The City of Providence's Changes in Net Assets – Primary Government (In Thousands)

	Yea	r Ended June 30, 2	2007	Yea	r Ended June 30, 20	006
_	. Р	rimary Governmer	nt	F	Primary Government	
	Governmental	Business-type		Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total
evenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 72,155	\$ 63,737	\$ 135,892	\$ 50,390	\$ 62,081 \$	112,471
Operating Grants and Contributions	271,857		271,857	285,179		285,179
Capital Grants and Contributions	15,039	1,613	16,652	15,199	1,309	16,508
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	277,900		277,900	287,508	-	287,508
Grants not restricted to specific						
Programs	51,967		51,967	49,546	-	49,546
Miscellaneous	17,207		17,207	7,407	9,204	16,611
Unrestricted investment earnings	19,779	3,024	22,803	8,033	2,227	10,260
Total Revenues	725,904	68,374	794,278	703,262	74,821	778,083
xpenses:						
Executive, legislative and judicial	22,761		22,761	15,552		15,552
Finance	106,740		106,740	32,655		32,655
Public Safety	110,246		110,246	170,273	-	170,273
Building inspection	2,495		2,495	5,455		5,455
Public works	21,992		21,992	30,275	-	30,275
Recreation	2,939		2,939	3933	-	3,933
Public lands and parks	17,535		17,535	23,992	-	23,992
Education	380,730		380,730	373,591	-	373,591
Community development	23,432		23,432	21,175		21,175
Interest on long-term debt	18,639		18,639	21,863	•	21,863
Economic development		11,790	11,790	•	9,314	9,314
Water		46,105	46,105	-	43,661	43,661
Other					2,241	2,241
Total Expenses	707,509	57,895	765,404	698,764	55,216	753,980
Change in net assets	18,395	10,479	28,874	4,498	19,605	24,103
Net assets – beginning	33,720	182,453	216,173	29,222	162,848	192,070
Net assets – ending	\$ 52,115	\$ 192,932	\$ 245,047	\$ 33,720	\$ 182,453	\$ 216,1

Business-Type Activities

The business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$10.5 million. This resulted primarily from a \$9.2 million increase in net assets of the Water Supply Board and an increase in net assets of \$1.3 million by the Providence Public Building Authority. The Water Supply Board increase was primarily due to the large commitment to replacement of infrastructure included in water rates. In addition, there was an increase in user rates during the year.

Financial Analysis of the City's Individual Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$22.2 million. As a reassure of the general funds' liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved and total fund balance represents 5.4% of total general fund expenditures. The City has achieved the goal of maintaining a minimum fund balance of 5.0% of annual general fund budgetary expenditures at the end of the fiscal year.

School Grants-Fund Balance – The school grant funds account for federal and state grants received and expended by the school system. The fiscal year 2007 school grants fund balance is reported at \$5.9 million, a \$1.2 million decrease from fiscal year 2006.

School Fund – The school fund ended the year with a \$0 fund balance in accordance with City charter regulations. The expenditures were \$320.1 million as compared to \$304.4 million in the prior year.

Capital Projects Fund-Fund Balance — The capital projects fund accounts for resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital assets for housing and community improvement activities in the City, other than those financed by proprietary funds. The fiscal year 2007 capital projects fund balance is \$14.5 million. The \$9.0 million decrease from fiscal year 2006 is attributable to the timing of borrowing and spending of the Master Lease Equipment Purchase proceeds and the Neighborhood Improvement Capital Projects.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. As discussed in the business-type activities above, the City's proprietary net assets increased by \$10.5 million as a result of operations in the individual enterprise funds. The Water Supply Board showed an increase in net assets of \$9.2 million resulting from proper rate structure and cost savings. The Providence Public Building Authority accounted for a \$1.3 million increase in net assets.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The budgetary surplus of \$2.5 represents the City's twenty-seventh consecutive budget surplus and will increase the cumulative fund balance to \$22.2 million. Total general fund revenues and transfer for the fiscal year ended were \$413.5 million and total general fund expenditures and transfers for the fiscal year ended were \$411 million. Further details of favorable and unfavorable variances of revenue and expense items can be found in the Required Supplementary Information on pages 56 to 61 of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Below are the changes in undesignated fund balance since June 30, 2001 (in millions):

	2001	2	2002	2	2003	 2004	 2005	 2006	 2007_
Undesignated fund balance, beginning	\$ 6.8	\$	7.3	\$	8.3	\$ 10.2	\$ 12.5	\$ 16.7	\$ 19.7
Increase	0.5		1.0		1.9	2.3	4.2	2.6	2.5
Reallocation of Designated Fund Balance								0.4	
Undesignated fund balance, ending	\$ 7.3	\$	8.3	\$	10.2	\$ 12.5	\$ 16.7	\$ 19.7	\$ 22.2

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets (Note 5 to the Basic Financial Statements)

			J	une 30, 2007	,				Jur	ne 30, 2006		
		F	rim	ary Governm	ent			Р	rimar	y Governme	nt	
	G	Sovemmental	В	lusiness-type	:		G	overnmental	Bu	siness-type		
	_	Activities		Activities		Total		Activities	,	Activities		Total
Land	\$	45,707	\$	11,091	\$	56,798	\$.	45,709		10,289		55,998
Land Improvements		6,554		18,682		25,236		6,550		18,682		25,232
Buildings and Improvements		115,453		106,637		222,090		111,569		109,179		220,748
Machinery and Equipment		14,055		5,272		19,327		12,383		3,759		16,142
Infrastructure		114,546				114,546		119,093				119,093
Leased assets		134,380		11,149		145,529		130,162		11,406		141,568
Construction in Progress		67,844		27,282		95,126		22,962		23,150		46,112
Total	\$	498,539	\$	180,113	\$	678,652		448,428	\$	176,465	\$	624,893

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2007 amounts to \$801.4 million, net of accumulated depreciation of \$302.9 million, leaving a net book value of \$498.5 million. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, infrastructure and construction in progress. Infrastructure assets are items that are normally immovable and of value only to the City, such as roads, bridges, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems, and similar items.

		June 30, 2007			June 30, 2006	
	F	rimary Governme	nt	F	rimary Governmer	nt
	Governmental	Business-type	-	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total
General obligation bonds	\$ 112,845	\$	\$ 112,845	\$ 119,215	\$	\$ 119,215
Revenue bonds	64,525	11,879	76,404	66,500	14,708	81,208
Tax increment obligations Capital leases payable	26,260 58,453	2,950	26,260 61,403	28,285 59,994	3,865	28,285 63,859
Notes payable	3,434	300	3,734	4,215	385	4,600
PPBA Debt		315,474	315,474	-	258,639	258,639
Total	\$ 265,517	\$ 330,603	\$ 596,120	\$ 278,209	\$ 277,597	\$ 555,806

The authority of the City to incur debt is governed by federal and state laws, which restrict the amounts and purposes for which a municipality can incur debt.

General obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City, including the City's power to levy additional taxes to ensure repayment of the debt. Accordingly, all general obligation debt currently outstanding was approved by a vote of the City Council.

The City's total outstanding notes and bonds increased by \$40.3 million during the current fiscal year.

The 2004 State legislative session authorized the City to issue variable rate debt and to participate in interest rate swaps. The City is developing policies that will set guidelines and procedures and define permitted instruments. It will set participant requirements and limitations on exposure, as well as ongoing management and reporting requirements. As of the date of this report, the City has not issued variable rate debt or participated in interest rate swaps.

The City of Providence maintains the following ratings from Wall Street's credit agencies for general obligation debt: an A3 rating from Moody's Investors Service, and an A rating from Standard and Poor and Fitch. The City of Providence continues to perform long –term strategic planning in a pro-active attempt to control costs: examples of these costs are health insurance, pension costs, education, salaries and benefits and debt service.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt obligations can be found in Notes 7 and 8 to the Financial Statements.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Providence's finances for all of the City of Providence's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors. This financial report seeks to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to: City of Providence, Finance Department, Providence City Hall, Room 304, Providence, RI 02903.

CITY OF PROVIDENCE

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF PROVIDENCE

Statement of Net Assets 6/30/2007 (in thousands)

	Pr	imar	y Governme	ent	
	ernmental ctivities		iness-Type activities		Totals*
ASSETS:					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 169,680	\$	30,832	\$	200,512
Restricted cash and cash equivalents			17,191		17,191
Investments	28,688		12,462		41,150
Restricted investments			1,715		1,715
Taxes receivable (net of allowance)	24,020				24,020
Intergovernmental receivable	36,336				36,336
Loan receivable (net of allowance)					-
Other receivable	10,910				10,910
Charges for service receivable (net of allowance)			12,536		12,536
Internal balances	23,405		(23,405)		-
Other assets	12,563		1,805		14,368
Noncurrent assets					
Deferred charges	4,855				4,855
Restricted receivables			835		835
Capital assets, nondepreciable	71,820		57,055		128,875
Capital assets, depreciable, net	426,719		123,058		549,777
TOTAL ASSETS	808,996		234,084		1,043,080
LIABILITIES:					
Current Liabilities:					
Warrants and accounts payable	15,773		10,897		26,670
Payable to retirement plan	51,113				51,113
Due to other governments	746				746
Accrued liabilities	31,362		11,048		42,410
Unearned revenue	1,411		1,734		3,145
Amounts payable with current restricted assets	,		2,344		2,344
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year	49,548		3,086		52,634
Due in more than one year	606,928		12,043		618,971
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 756,881		41,152		798,033
Net Assets					
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	51,350		165,284		216,634
Restricted for Water Quality Protection	2.,000		17,397		17,397
Restricted for debt service			2,073		2,073
Unrestricted	765		8,178		8,943
TOTAL NET ASSETS					
	\$ 52,115	\$	192,932	\$	245,047

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007 (in thousands) Statement of Activities

			Program Revenues			Primary Government	
	į	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Functions/Programs Primary government:	CApallaca						
Governmental activities:	\$ 22.761	788			\$ (21.972)	69	(21,972)
Executive, registative, and judicial	•	34	61				(71,962)
Finance Public Safety	110.246	14,831	2,7		(92,713)		(92,713)
Building inspection	2,495	6,379			3,884		3,884
Public Works	21,992	2,259			(19,733)		(19,733)
Recreation	2,939	418			(1,818)		(1,818)
Public land and parks	17,535	4,004			(8,852)		(8,852)
Education	380,730	1,526	2	\$ 15,039	(115,926)		(115,926)
Community development	23,432	7,233	15,472		(727)		(727)
interest on long-term debt	18,639				(eco'o1)		200,017
Total governmental activities	707,509	72,155	271,857	15,039	(348,458)	•	(348,458)
Business-type activities:						(803)	(802)
PPBA Water Supply Board	11,/90 46.105	10,988	t	1,613		80	8,257
Total business-type acitivities	57,895	63,737		1,613		7,455	7,455
Total primary government	\$ 765,404	\$ 135,892	\$ 271,857	\$ 16,652	(348,458)	7,455	(341,003)
	General revenues						
	Taxes:				257 776		257.776
	Property taxes	of tares			20,124		20,124
	Grants and contrib	utions not restrict	Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs	us	51,967		51,967
	Investment income				19,779	3,024	22,803
	Miscellaneous				17,207		17,207
	Total general revenues	venues			366,853	3,024	369,877
	Change in net assets	ssets			18,395	10,479	28,874
	Net assets-beginning				33,720	182,453	216,173
		,					1,00

SEE NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 14

Balance Sheet- Governmental Funds June 30, 2007 (In thousands)

				Major	Fund	is	_					
	Gen	eral Fund	Sch	ool Fund	Sch	ool Grants Fund		Capital Projects		Other lonmajor vernmental Funds		Total ernmental Funds
ASSETS:	<u> </u>	57.402		7.366		13,843	•	17,464	¢	70,483	s	166,558
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net:	Þ	57,402	Þ	7,300	Þ	13,043	Þ	17,404	Ф	28,688	J.	28,688
Taxes		24,020						_		-		24,020
Loans		,						-		10,157		10,157
Intergovernmental		26,556		277		8,940		-		563		36,336
Other		309		2,289		6		_		2.210		4,814
Due from other funds		12,916		28,907		14,310		-		25,709		81,842
Other assets		,				,				138		138
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	121,203	\$	38,839	\$	37,099		17,464	\$	137,948	\$	352,553
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:												
LIABILITIES:												
Warrants and accounts payable	\$	5,507	\$	5,024	\$	2,186		1,275	\$	1,465	\$	15,457
Accrued liabilities		2,855		10,654		386		-		-		13,895
Unearned revenues		-				708		-		219		927
Deferred revenue		17,821				-		-		3,340		21,161
Due to other funds		72,402		23,161		27,670		1,676		17,399		142,308
Due to other governments		454				259		-		33		746
TOTAL LIABILTIES		99,039		38,83 9		31,209		2,951		22,456		194,494
FUND BALANCES:												
Reserved for:												40.457
Loans								-		10,157		10,157
Unreserved:												40 570
Designated for future uses		550								16,026		16,576
Undesignated, reported in												
General fund		21,614								-		21,614
Special revenue funds						5,890				71,086		76,976
Capital project funds								14,513				14,513
Permanent funds										18,223		18,223
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		22,164		-		5,890		14,513		115,492		158,059
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND												
BALANCES	\$	121,203	\$	38,839	\$	37,099	\$	17,464	\$	137,948		
Amounts reported for governmenta	ıl sətiviti	a in the sta	tomor	at of								
net assets are different becauses		33 111 1110 310	itemer	11 01								
Capital assets used in government		vities are n	ot fina	ncial resour	cac							
and therefore, are not reported			UL IIIIa	riciai resoui	CES							498,539
Net pension obligations	in the tu	1105.										(122,487
Deferred charges												4,855
Long-term liabilities, including be	ande nav	able are n	at due	and navabl	_							1,000
in the current period and theref					C							(515,021
Internal service funds are used		•			f							(0.0,02.
self-insurance and legal claims						ties						
of the internal service fund are												
of net assets.		govern	aı	SOUTHINGS II	416	Just Gillelit						4,222
Unspent PPBA bond proceeds												23,948
Not accets of agreemental activity	iae (A .4)										\$	52,115
Net assets of governmental activit	es (A-1)										-9	32,113

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2007 (in thousands)

		Maio	or Funds			
	General Fund		School Gran	ts Capital Projects	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$ 281,422					\$ 281,422
Departmental revenue	33,235			\$ 2,15		67,352
Federal and state grants and reimbursements	67,006	•		-	- 23,618	338,863
Investment and rental income	14,231	10)	89	5 4,553	19,779
Fines and forfeltures	4,307	•				4,307
Other		11,91	5 1,80	3	- 3,489	17,207
TOTAL REVENUES	400,201	205,82	3 57,75	5 3,05	2 62,094	728,930
EXPENDITURES: Current:						
Executive, legislative, and judicial	7,585	,			- 2,267	9,852
Finance	105,990	1			- 684	106,674
Public safety	94,146	,			- 8,965	103,111
Building inspection	2,462				•	2,462
Public works	13,423					13,423
Recreation	1,710				- 1,199	2,909
Public lands and parks	14,274				- 9,444	23,718
Other departments	5,742				. 0,444	5,742
Grants	4,331					4,331
Education	4,001	320.05	7 57.73	26		377,793
Community development		320,00	1 31,13	50	- 19,101	19,101
Noncurrent:					- 18,101	19,101
				10.62	-	10.627
Capital outlays				19,62	-	19,627
Debt Service:	00.050				0.044	
Principal	29,256				3,011	32,267
Interest and other costs	18,506				76	18,582
Bond issuance costs related to refunding	396				_	396
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	297,821	320,05	7 57,73	36 19,62	7 44,747	739,988
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	102,380	(114,22	9)	19 (16,57	5) 17,347	(11,058)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Capital leases issued				7,54	.7	7,547
Issuance of refunding bonds	29,910)				29,910
Payment to refunded bonds escrow agent	(29,514	\$)				(29,514)
Transfers in	13,281	114,82	7 1,16	00	- 10,250	139,458
Transfers out	(113,577	7) (59	8) (2,3	50)	- (22,933)	(139,458)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	***************************************					
SOURCES (USES)	(99,900	0) 114,22	9 (1,2	50) 7,54	(12,683)	7,943
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER						
FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	2,480	D	- (1,2	31) (9,02	28) 4,664	(3,115)
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	19,684	4	7,1	21 23,54	11 110,828	161,174
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 22,16	4 \$	- \$ 5,8	90 \$ 14,51	13 \$ 115,492	\$ 158,059

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmenati Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2007 (in thousands)

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Fund (B-2)	\$ (3,115)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	50,111
Net expense of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(543)
Revenues recognized in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	15,243
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the princial of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(34,324)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	 (8,977)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities (A-2)	\$ 18,395

Statement of Net Assets-Proprietary Funds June 30, 2007 (in thousands)

	Julie 30, 20	007 (in thousan	Governmental		
	Business-Ty	pe Activities-Er	Activities		
	Water Supply Board	PPBA	Totals	Internal Service Fund	
ASSETS:					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,064	\$ 27,768		\$ 3,122	
Restricted cash	17,191	-	17,191		
Investments		12,462	12,462	•	
Restricted investments	1,715	-	1,715		
Receivables, net	12,536	-	12,536	797	
Restricted receivables	835	-	835		
Rentals receivable	-	299,149	299,149		
Due from other funds	-	-	-	16,135	
Inventories	295	-	295		
Other Assets	1,510		1,510	2,268	
Total current assets	37,146	339,379	376,525	22,322	
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:					
Land	11,091	-	11,091		
Buildings and improvements	60,752	-	60,752		
Improvements other than buildings	169,755	_	169,755		
Machinery and equipment	25,478	-	25,478		
Construction in progress	27,282	_	27,282		
, ,	294,358	-	294,358	-	
Less accumulated depreciation	114,245		114,245	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Net capital assets	180,113	-	180,113	_	
Total assets	217,259	339,379	556,638	22,322	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,771	7,126	10.007	246	
• •	3,771	7,120	10,897	316 15 374	
Claims payable	4 704	-	4 704	15,274	
Unearned revenue	1,734	-	1,734	484	
Due to other funds	4,697	44.040	4,697	2,026	
Other	2044	11,048	11,048		
Amounts payable from restricted assets	2,344	-	2,344		
Line of credit	300		300		
Net bond premium		123	123		
Current portion of long-term debt and					
capital leases	2,786	12,820	15,606		
Total current liabilities	15,632	31,117	46,749	18,100	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Revenue bonds	10,043	302,655	312,698		
Net bond premium	10,043	2,259	2,259		
Capital leases	2,000	2,239	2,000		
•		001044			
Total noncurrent liabilities	12,043	304,914	316,957	*	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	27,675	336,031	363,706	18,100	
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	165,284	-	165,284		
Restricted for Water Quality Protection	17,397		17,397		
Restricted for debt service	•	2,073	2,073		
Unrestricted	6,903	1,275	8,178	4,222	
TOTAL NET ASSETS		\$ 3,348		\$ 4,222	
SEE	NOTES TO THE B	IASIC FINANCIA	AL STATEMENTS		

Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets-Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2007 (in thousands)

	В	usiness-T	Governmental Activities				
	Water Supply Board		PPBA		Totals		nal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Charges for sales and services Lease receipts Other	\$	52,749 ~	\$	10,988	\$ 52,749 10,988	\$	85,763 - 14
Total operating revenues		52,749		10,988	 63,737		85,777
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Cost of sales and services		22,640		1,380	24,020		
Health claims				-	-		86,320
Administration		12,406		163	12,569		
Depreciation		10,135			10,135		
Total operating expenses		45,181		1,543	 46,724		86,320
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		7,568		9,445	17,013		(543)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):							
Investment income		885		2,139	3,024		
Interest expense	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(924)		(10,247)	 (11,171)		
Total nonoperating expenses		(39)		(8,108)	(8,147)		
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE		7		4 007			(5.40)
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		7,529		1,337	8,866		(543)
Capital grants and contributions		1,613		-	 1,613		
		1,613		•	 1,613		
Change in net assets		9,142		1,337	10,479		(543)
FUND NET ASSETS, BEGINNING		180,442		2,011	 182,453		4,765
FUND NET ASSETS, ENDING	\$	189,584	\$_	3,348	\$ 192,932	\$	4,222

CITY OF PROVIDENCE

Statement of Cash Flows-Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2007 (in thousands)

	Business-Typ	Governmental Activities			
	Water Supply Board	PPBA	Totals		ai Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			1. 444.		
Cash received from customers and other	\$ 49,875 \$	19,106 \$	68,981	\$	82,035
Cash paid to vendors	(24,058)	(1,487)	(25,545)		(85,107)
Cash paid to employees	(13,402)	(25)	(13,427)		
Net cash provided by (used for)					
operating activities	12,415	17,594	30,009		(3,072)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Custodial assets	-	1	1		
Due to other funds	1,837	-	1,837		
Transfers in	-	-	-		
Net cash (used for) provided by					
noncapital financing activities	1,837	11	1,838		-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Acquisition of capital assets	(13,783)	(45,662)	(59,445)		
Interest paid on debt	(923)	(9,987)	(10,910)		
Proceeds from bond issuance and net bond premium		62,464	62,464		
Repayment of long-term debt and capital leases	(3,744)	(11,595)	(15,339)		
Repayment of line of credit	(85)		(85)		
Capital grants	1,613		1,613		
Net cash provided by (used for)					
capital and related financing					
activities	(16,922)	(4,780)	(21,702)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Purchase of investment securities	(239)	-	(239)		
Sale of investment securities		5,923	5,923		
Investment income	885	2,143	3,028		
Net cash provided by					
investing activities	646	8,066	8,712		•
Net increase (decrease) in					
cash and cash equivalents	(2,024)	20,881	18,857		(3,072
Cash and Cash Equivalents			<u>.</u>		
Beginning	22,279	6,887	29,166		6,194
Ending	\$ 20,255	\$ 27,768 \$	48,023	\$	3,122

Statement of Cash Flows-Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2007 (In thousands)

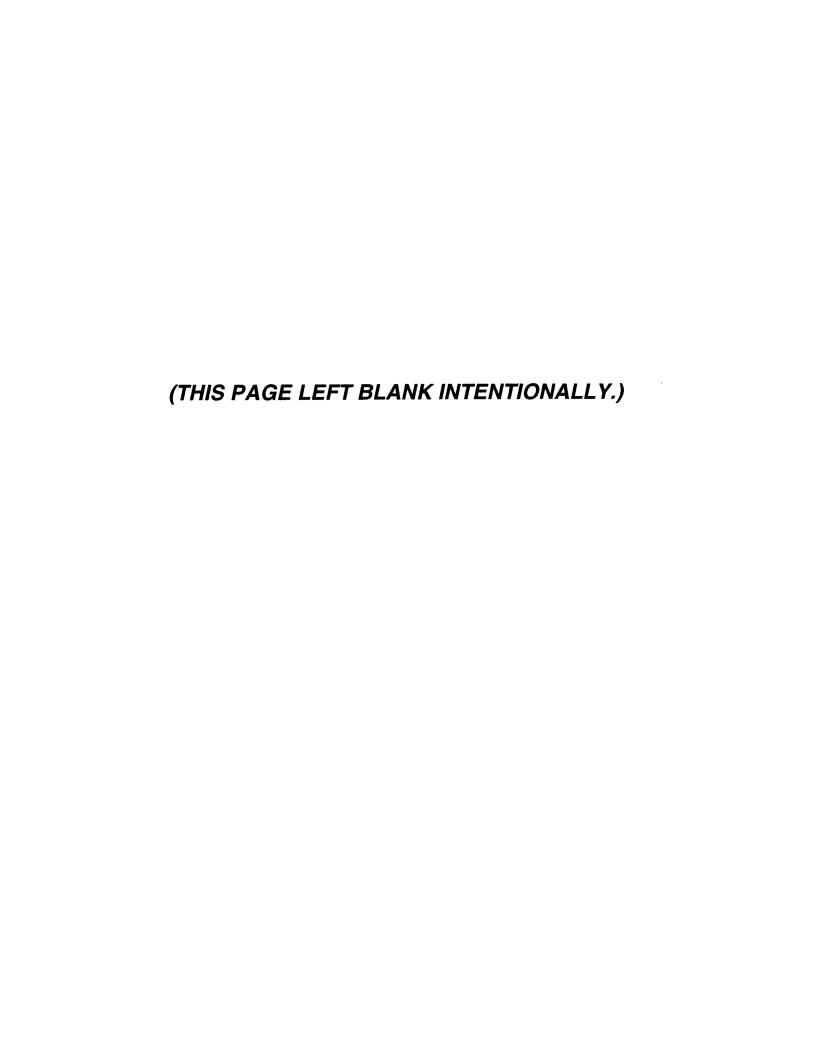
	Business-Type Activities-Enterprise Funds						Governmental Activities		
		er Supply Board		PPBA	-	Totals	Internal	Service Fund	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	•								
Operating income (loss)	\$	7,568	\$	9,445	\$	17,013	\$	(543)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provide by (used in) operating activities:									
Depreciation		10,135				10,135			
Administrative expenses funded by bond proceeds Changes is assets and liabilities:		10,133		(38)		(38)			
Receivables		(1,456)		8,156		6,700		(797)	
Inventories Other assets		108				108		(0.000)	
Due from other funds		(1,510)		•		(1,510)		(2,268)	
		(0.500)		24		(0.400)		1,151	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Unearned revenue		(2,523) 93		31		(2,492) 93		(1,099) 484	
Net cash provided by (used in)		93		<u>-</u>		33		404	
operating activities	\$	12,415	\$	17,594	\$	30,009	\$	(3,072)	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets-Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2007 (in thousands)

Employee Retirement Plan		Private Purpose Trus Fund Funds	Agei	Agency Fund	
\$	11,346		\$	-	
				-	
	,			-	
	324,322	1,156			
	14,617	11		541	
	21.182				
	2,558				
	23,740		-	_	
***************************************	51,113				
	413,792	1,167	7	541	
	2,980		İ	215 59	
	2,980			274	
\$	410,812	\$ 1,16	5 \$	267	
	\$	\$ 11,346 18,152 282,074 12,750 324,322 14,617 21,182 2,558 23,740 51,113 413,792 2,980	Retirement Plan Purpose Trust Fund Funds \$ 11,346 18,152 282,074 1,156 324,322 1,156 14,617 11 21,182 2,558 23,740 51,113 413,792 1,167 2,980 2,980	Retirement Plan Purpose Trust Fund Funds Ager \$ 11,346	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets-Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2007 (in thousands)

		npioyee tirement Plan	Private Purpose Trust Fund Funds		
ADDITIONS:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Contributions:					
Employer	\$	50,686	\$	-	
Employees		10,676	\$	18	
Total contributions		61,362		18	
Investment Earnings					
Net appreciation in the fair value of investments		46,919		195	
Interest		8,831		-	
Dividends		4,312			
Total investment earnings	4	60,062		195	
Less investment expenses					
Net investment earnings		60,062		195	
Total additions		121,424		213	
DEDUCTIONS:					
Benefits		69,001		24	
Refunds of contributions		4,810		-	
Administrative expenses		118		_	
Total deductions		73,929		24	
Change in net assets		47,495		189	
Net assets - beginning		363,317		977	
Net assets - ending	\$	410,812	\$	1,166	



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The City of Providence, Rhode Island (the "City") was incorporated in 1832. The City covers 18.5 square miles located in southeastern New England, at the head of the Narragansett Bay on the Atlantic sea coast. The City is approximately 45 miles from Boston and approximately 3 1/2 hours from New York by automobile or rail.

The City of Providence, Rhode Island (the "City") operates under a Mayor-Council form of government. A Home Rule Charter was adopted in November 1980 and became fully effective on January 3, 1983. The Mayor is elected by the voters of the City to a four-year term. City Council members are also elected to four-year terms, which coincides with the term of the Mayor. Most department heads and other City officials are appointed by the Mayor.

The City complies with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, have been applied unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for its business-type activities and enterprise funds subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this Note.

In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14. Under GASB Statement No. 14, the financial reporting entity includes both the primary government and all of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities that meet any one of the following three tests:

- <u>Test 1</u> The primary government appoints the voting majority of the board of the potential component unit and
 - * is able to impose its will on the potential component unit and/or
 - * is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit;
- Test 2 The potential component unit is fiscally dependent upon the primary government; or
- <u>Test 3</u> The financial statements would be misleading if data from the potential component unit were not included.

The criteria has been considered, and the blended component unit discussed below is included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationships with the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

Individual Component Unit Disclosure

The component unit provides services entirely or almost entirely to the City or otherwise exclusively or almost exclusively benefits the City, even though they do not provide services directly to it. The component unit has been reported as if it was part of the primary government through a method of inclusion known as blending. A description of the component unit, criteria for inclusion and its relationship with the City is as follows:

Providence Public Building Authority

The Providence Public Building Authority ("PPBA") was created by an act of the Rhode Island General Assembly and was empowered by resolution of the Providence City Council on August 13, 1987, and by resolution of the Public Finance Board, created under Section 42-10.11 of the General Laws of Rhode Island, on February 12, 1988. Membership is comprised of 5 members appointed by the Mayor and approved by the City Council. The PPBA is presented as a blended enterprise fund.

The purpose of the PPBA is to acquire, construct and renovate public facilities and public equipment through the use of public financing for lease to the City. These activities allow the PPBA to provide for the conduct of the executive, legislative and judicial functions of the government. The PPBA is obligated to pay the principal and interest on any financing solely from the rents, revenues and receipts derived under the lease agreements with the City or from receipts on the disposition of the assets being financed. The PPBA's administrative expenses are paid on an annual basis by the lessee in the form of additional rent.

Complete financial statements of the PPBA can be obtained through the City of Providence Finance Department, City Hall, Providence, Rhode Island 02903.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

The City will adopt the following new accounting pronouncements in future years:

- ✓ GASB Statement No. 45 Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employees for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2008.
- ✓ GASB Statement No. 48 Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues, effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2008.
- ✓ GASB Statement No. 49 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations, effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2009.
- ✓ GASB Statement No. 50 Pension Disclosures an amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27, effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2008.
- ✓ GASB Statement No. 51 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets, effective for the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2010.

The impact of these pronouncements on the City's financial statements has not been determined.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Government-Wide Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year when levied for. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred as under accrual accounting, however, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due (matured).

Property taxes when levied for, intergovernmental revenue when eligibility requirements are met, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual (measurable) and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period, if available. All other revenue items, primarily permits and fees, are considered to be measurable only when cash is received by the City.

All proprietary funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of net income, financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds, including both enterprise funds and internal service funds, include the cost of operations, maintenance, sales and service, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Revenues from charges for services of the Providence Water Supply Board are recognized on the accrual basis, net of estimated uncollectibles. Depending upon consumption, metered water sale customers are billed monthly, quarterly or annually for water usage. Large commercial customers and other local water suppliers are billed more frequently.

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a) Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual, governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b) Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual, governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The School Fund accounts for operations of the Providence school system.

The School Grants Fund accounts for federal, state, and private grants received and expended by the school system.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital assets for the housing and community improvement activities in the City.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Supply Board accounts for the activities of the Providence Water Supply Board.

The *Providence Public Building Authority* accounts for the activities related to acquisition, construction and leasing of capital assets to the City.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The *Pension Trust Fund* accounts for the activities of the City of Providence Employees Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

The *Private-Purpose Trust Fund* is used to account for resources legally held in trust for the benefit of individuals, organizations or other governments.

The *Agency Fund* accounts for assets held by the City in a purely custodial capacity. Since agency funds are custodial in nature (i.e. assets equal liabilities), they do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Pension Plan Accounting

Employee Retirement Plan

The Employee Retirement Plan (Pension Trust Fund) is reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Employee contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the City has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value, based on value of underlying assets.

The net pension obligation, the cumulative difference between annual pension cost and the City's contributions to the plan since 1986, is calculated on an actuarial basis consistent with the requirements of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 27. Expenditures are recognized when they are paid or are expected to be paid with current available resources. The net pension obligation is recorded as a non-current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

Funding Policy

The City makes contributions at the discretion of management.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Property taxes

The City's property tax is levied each year on July 1 based on the assessed property value, as of the prior December 31, for all real property, tangible property, equipment and motor vehicles located in the City. Assessed values of real property were established by the City Assessor's office at 100% of appraised market value based on 2003 State mandated statistical updated valuations less Homestead exemptions for up to five residential units. Assessed values of tangible property and equipment and motor vehicles are determined annually at 100% of market value, with a State mandated, 10-year phase-out on tangible inventory property and a State-mandated \$4,500 exemption on motor vehicle assessments. Payments on the gross levy are due in equal quarterly installments in July, October, January, and April. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property when levied.

Cash equivalents

For purposes of the cash flow statement, the City considers certificates of deposits and highly liquid short-term investment funds with original maturities of three months or less, when purchased, to be cash equivalents, including amounts reported as restricted.

Investments

Investments and pooled fixed income investments are stated at fair value, based on quoted market prices.

Inventories and prepaid assets

Proprietary fund inventory is stated at the lower of weighted average cost or market using the first-in, first-out method. Inventory consists primarily of materials and supplies. Inventory is not maintained in governmental funds, but is recorded as an expenditure at the time of purchase. Inventory on hand at year-end is not material.

Any material payments to vendors that reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as all computer equipment and assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a range of \$25,000 to \$100,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital asset, as applicable.

Capital assets of the governmental activities are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Dellateres	
Buildings	45
Building improvements	20
Public domain infrastructure	45
System infrastructure	30
Vehicles	6
Office equipment	7
Computer equipment	5
Machinery and equipment	15

Capital assets are reported as expenditures and no depreciation expense is reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

Property, plant and equipment of the business-type activities and proprietary funds are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Water Supply <u>Board</u>
Buildings, source of supply, structures and improvements	5-75 years 3-75 years 3-50 years

Interest is capitalized on proprietary fund assets acquired with tax-exempt debt. The amount of interest capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds from project specific debt issued over the same period.

Self-Insurance

The City is self-insured in most areas of risk, subject to certain third-party "stop loss" coinsurance. Self-insured risks include general liability, property and casualty, workers' compensation, unemployment and employee health and life insurance claims. Claims incurred but not paid, including those which have not been reported, are accrued as long-term obligations in the government-wide and internal service fund financial statements. Obligations are paid out of the General Fund and the Internal Service Funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Allowance for Collection Losses

The allowance for possible loan losses is maintained at a level believed adequate by management to absorb potential losses for outstanding loans. Management's determination of the adequacy of the allowance is based on an evaluation of the portfolio, past loan loss experience and current economic conditions.

All trade and property tax receivables for governmental and proprietary funds are reported net of an allowance for uncollectibles, totaling \$35,000 and \$2,900, respectively. The majority of amounts relates to property taxes and water usage. Amounts determined to be uncollectible are based on the type and age of the related receivable and the ability of the debtor to pay.

Compensated Absences

Under the terms of various contracts and policies, employees are granted vacation and sick leave based on length of service. The City's policy is to recognize the cost of vacation and sick leave in governmental funds when paid (matured). The liability for vacation arid sick leave is recognized when earned in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond proceeds, premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Payments of bond principal are recognized as expenditures as it comes due.

Fund Equity and Net Assets

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net assets are classified in the following categories:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt - This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net assets. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce this category.

Restricted Net Assets - This category represents the net assets of the City, which are restricted by outside parties or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Assets or Deficits - This category represents the net assets of the City, which do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt". Deficits require future funding.

In the fund financial statements, fund balances of governmental funds are classified in separate categories. The three categories, and their general meanings, are as follows:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Equity and Net Assets (Continued)

Reserved Fund Balance — indicates that portion of fund equity which is not available for appropriation or is legally segregated for specific future use.

Unreserved-Designated Fund Balance — indicates that portion of fund equity for which the City has made tentative plans.

Unreserved and Undesignated Fund Balance and Deficits — indicates that portion of fund equity which is available for appropriation and expenditure in future periods. Deficits require future funding.

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balances — total governmental funds and net assets — governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$(515,021) difference are as follows:

Bonds and notes payable	\$(429,479) 4.610
Leases payable	(20,949)
Capital notes payable	(37,504)
Accrued interest payable	(4,547)
Compensated absences	(30,947)
Deferred revenue, net of related debt	21,161
Workers compensation	(4,446)
Claims and judgments	(12,920)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance – total governmental funds to arrive at net assets – governmental activities	\$(515,021)

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between net changes in fund balances — total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$50,111 difference is as follows:

Capital outlay - governmental funds	\$45,105
PPBA capital outlay	23,818
Depreciation expense	(18,812)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances -total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	<u>\$50,111</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$(34,324) difference are as follows:

Long-Term Liabilities issued or incurred: Issuance of general obligation refunding bonds	\$ (89,910) (7,547)
Principal repayments:	
General obligation bonds	23,354
Capital leases	6,177
Capital notes	2,911
Notes payable	781
Bond issuance costs	396
Payment to escrow agent for refunding	<u>29,514</u>
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances –	

total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets

of governmental activities.....

Another element of that reconciliation states that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$(8,977) difference are as follows:

\$(34,324)

Compensated absences	
Accrued interest	
Net pension obligation	(1,961)
Amortization of refunding items	
Unsettled labor contracts	<u>(5,420</u>)
at adjustment to degrape not change in fund belonge total	

Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities . \$(8.977)

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

The City's custodial credit risk policy is in accordance with RI General Laws, Chapter 35-10.1, depository institutions holding deposits of the State, its agencies or governmental subdivisions of the State, shall at a minimum, insure or pledge eligible collateral equal to 100% of time deposits with maturities greater than sixty days. Any of these institutions which do not meet minimum capital standards prescribed by federal regulators will insure or pledge eligible collateral equal to 100% of deposits, regardless of maturities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments

The City policy for pension investments is under the oversight of the Board of Investment Commissioners. The Board contracts with an investment advisory firm and approves any new investment vehicles presented by the consultant. The Board follows all applicable state statutes and Section 17-189 of the City Ordinance, which states, "The Board of Investment Commissioners is authorized and empowered to execute the disposition and investment of the funds which are within its control in any securities and investments as would be acquired by prudent persons of discretion and intelligence in these matters, who are seeking a reasonable income and the preservation of their capital."

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy for its pension funds that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The City's policy is to limit its exposure to fair value losses arising from changes in interest rates by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools.

Concentrations

The City's policy is to maintain a diversified portfolio to minimize the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

This is the risk that, in the event of failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2007 \$147,293 of the entity's bank balance of \$217,578 was uninsured and uncollateralized. (Amounts do not include PPBA, as such amounts cannot be separated.)

Investments

This is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The City does not have a custodial credit risk policy.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Cash and investments of the City consist of the following at June 30, 2007:

Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Deposits with financial institutions	\$	205,104	
PPBA deposits with financial institutions		27,768	
		232,872	-
investments			
Non-major Governmental Funds			
Mutual Funds		16,870	
Municipal Bonds		6,690	*
Guaranteed Investment Contracts		5,128	
		28,688	
Private Purpose Trust Funds			
Mutual Funds		1,156	_
PPBA Investments			
Guaranteed Investment Contracts		12,076	
U.S. Government Agencies		386	
		12,462	_
Water Supply Board			
Equity Mutual Funds		1,715	_
Pension Trust Funds			
U.S. Government Securities		11,346	*
Corporate and foreign bonds		18,152	*
Common and Preferred Stocks		282,074	*
Equity Mutual Funds		12,750	
		324,322	_
Total investments		368,343	_
Total cash and investments	_\$_	601,215	=

^{*} These investments are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent, in the City's name.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Cash, cash equivalents, and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statement as follows:

Cash and	l Cash	Equiva	ients
----------	--------	--------	-------

\$ 200,512
17,191
 217,703
·
15,169
, <u>-</u>
 15,169
232,872
\$ 41,150
1,715
 42,865
325,478
•
 325,478
368,343

Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. Information about the exposure of the entity's debt type investments to this risk using the segmented time distribution model is as follows:

		turities (in Y	Years)		
	Fair	Less Than	1-5	6-10	Over
	Value	1 Year	Years	Years	10 Years
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 11,346	\$ 1,101	\$ 1,904	\$ 2,384	\$ 5,957
Corporate and Foreign Bonds	18,152	1,494	10,567	1,986	4,105
Municipal Bonds	6,690	-	-	-	6,690
Guaranteed Investments Contracts	5,128				5,128
PPBA-Guaranteed Investment Contracts	12,076	-	3,378	-	8,698
PPBA-U.S. Government Agencies	386	191	195	-	
	\$ 53,778	\$ 2,786	\$ 16,044	\$ 4,370	\$30,578

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a debt type investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by assignment of a rating a nationally recognized rating organization. U.S. government securities or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk exposure. Presented below is the minimum rating as required for each debt type investment:

Average Rating	Corporate and Foreign Bonds		Municipal Bonds		Guaranteed Investment Contracts		PPBA- Guaranteed Investment Contracts		T Gove	PBA- J.S. ernment encies
AAA AA AA-	\$	4,829 936 1,260	\$	6,690	\$	5,128	\$	3,258 5,440		
A+ A		1,200 1,185 770								
A- BBB+		2,040 1,227						3,378		
BBB		2,283								
BBB- BB+		1,205 34								
BB BB-		145								
B+ B		234 251								
Unrated		1,788								386
	\$	18,187	\$	6,690	\$	5,128	\$	12,076	\$	386

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

4. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

As of June 30, 2007, interfund receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows (in thousands):

	Due from Other Funds	Due to Other Funds
General Fund	\$ 12,916 28,907	\$ 72,402 23,161
School Grants	14,310	27,670
Capital Projects	- 54 440	1,676
Fiduciary Funds Non-Major Governmental Funds	51,113 25.709	59 17,399
Water Board		4,697
Internal Service Fund Totals	16,135	2,026
Total	\$149,090	\$149,090

Amounts owed among funds result principally from timing of payments to the City's retirement system of \$51.1 million, payments to the City's health insurance and legal claims fund of \$16.1 million, and amounts owed to the school fund for current year expenditures of \$29 million. All of these amounts were paid subsequent to year-end. All other amounts owed are expected to be paid within one year.

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2007 were as follows (in thousands):

	Transfers from Other Funds	Transfers to Other Funds
0		
General Fund	\$ 13,281	\$113,577
School Fund	114,827	598
School Grants	1,100	2,350
Capital Projects	-	-
Non-Major Governmental Funds	10,250	22,933
Internal Service Funds	-	-
Totals	\$139,458	\$139,458

The most significant transfer in fiscal 2007 was the appropriated operating subsidy from the City's general fund to the school fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2007 was as follows: (in thousands):

	Beginning Balance	increases	Decreases/ Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 45,709	\$ -	\$ (2)	\$ 45,707
Construction in progress-City	735	8,104	(735)	8,104
Construction in progress-PPBA	22,227	37,513	-	59,740
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	68,671	45,617	(737)	113,551
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	166,800	7,161	-	173,961
Improvements other than buildings	12,903	687	-	13,590
Machinery and equipment	57,078	5,059	(627)	61,510
Infrastructure	266,643	3,542	` <u>-</u>	270,185
Building - leases	161,055	7,601	-	168,656
Total capital assets being depreciated	664,479	24,050	(627)	687,902
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	55,231	3,277	-	58,508
Improvements other than buildings	6,353	683	-	7,036
Machinery and equipment	44,695	3,380	(620)	47,455
Infrastructure	147,550	8,089		155,639
Building - leases	30,893	3,383		34,276
Total accumulated depreciation	284,722	18,812	(620)	302,914
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	379,757	5,238	(7)	384,988
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 448,428	\$ 50,855	\$ (744)	\$ 498,539

The leased assets reported in the table above represent assets, principally buildings and related improvements, leased by the City from the Providence Public Building Authority. For the government-wide statements, the capital assets and related PPBA debt is presented principally in the governmental activities column and the related transactions are eliminated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)				
•	Beginning		Decreases/	Ending
Dualman time authorities	<u>Balance</u>	increases	Transfers	Balance
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 10,289	\$ 802	\$ -	\$ 11,091
Construction in progress-City	23,150	11,315	(7,183)	\$ 27,282
Other land improvements	18,682		· •	\$ 18,682
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	52,121	12,117	(7,183)	57,055
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	25,598	2,624	_	28,222
Improvements other than buildings	163,976	5,779	_	169,755
Machinery and equipment	24,150	446	_	24,596
Leased assets	14,730	4-10	_	14,730
Total capital assets being depreciated	228,454	8,849	-	237,303
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	18,814	1,937	-	20,751
Improvements other than buildings	64,017	6,572	_	70,589
Machinery and equipment	17,956	1,368	_	19,324
Leased assets	3,323	258	_	3,581
Total accumulated depreciation	104,110	10,135	-	114,245
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	124,344	(1,286)	_	123,058
• •		-		
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 176,465	\$ 10,831	\$ (7,183)	\$ 180,113

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Executive, legislative, and judicial	\$ 36
Finance	18
Public safety	1,514
Public works	8,528
Recreation	16
Public lands & parks	1,335
Other departments	1,199
Education	2,783
Building Leases	3,383
Total depreciation expense	\$ 18,812

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

6. DEFERRED REVENUE/UNEARNED REVENUE

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds and governmental activities report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At year-end, the various components of unearned revenue and deferred revenue reported in governmental funds and governmental activities were as follows:

	 earned venue	_	eferred evenue
General Fund: Taxes and accrued interest on delinquent property taxes Charges for services	\$ -	\$	17,592 229
School Grants: Grant drawdowns prior to meeting all eligibility requirements	708		
Nonmajor Funds: Charges for services Drawdowns prior to meeting all eligibility requirements Deferred loan fees and loan fees	8 211		3,340
	\$ 927	\$	21,161

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2007 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities					
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 119,215	\$ 29,910	\$ 36,280	\$ 112,845	\$ 7,770
Revenue bonds	66,500	-	1,975	64,525	2,080
Special obligation tax increment	28,285	_	2,025	26,260	2,505
Total bonds payable	214,000	29,910	40,280	203,630	12,355
Notes payable	4,215	-	781	3,434	780
Capital leases	19,579	7,547	6,177	20,949	5,866
Capital notes	40,415	-	2,911	37,504	3,288
Total bonds and notes payable	278,209	37,457	50,149	265,517	22,289
Deferred items from refunding	(3,447)	366	1,529	(4,610)	
Other Long-Term Liabilities:					
Claims and judgments	20,953	86,320	87,553	19,720	_
Compensated absences	30,546	14,190	13,789	30,947	15,000
Net pension obligation	120,526	52,647	50,686	122,487	-
Total other long-term liabilities	172,025	153,157	152,028	173,154	15,000
Governmental activity long-term llabilities					
before PPBA reclassification	446,787	190,980	203,706	434,061	37,289
PPBA Debt	173,474	60,000	11,059	222,415	12,259
Government activity					
long term liabilities	\$ 620,261	\$ 250,980	\$ 214,765	\$ 656,476	\$ 49,548

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

	eginning Balance	lne	creases	De	creases		Ending Balance		e Within ne Year
Business-type activities:						٠			
Bonds payable:									
Revenue bonds	\$ 14,708	\$	-	\$	2,829	\$	11,879	\$	1,836
PPBA - CITY	173,474		60,000		11,059		222,415	*	12,259
Total bonds-PPBA and City	 188,182		60,000		13,888		234,294		14,095
Capital leases	3,865		-		915		2,950		950
Line of credit	385		-		85		300		300
Claims and judgments	-		-		-		-		
PPBA - PAP Loans	81,803		8,431		-		90,234	*	_
PPBA - Water	3,362		-		537		2,825		561
Business-type activity		<u> </u>							
long-term liabilities	\$ 277,597	\$	68,431	\$	15,425		330,603		15,906
Less PPBA Eliminations					-		(315,474)		(12,820)
Business-type activity long-term liabilities							15,129	\$	3,086

^{* -} Amount represents internal loans between the City and the PPBA and is therefore eliminated on the entity-wide statements.

The Water Supply Board long-term debt is general obligation debt of the City. However, because it is the intent of the City to have the Board meet the debt service requirements of this debt, such amounts are recorded in the enterprise funds of the City. Similarly, debt of the PPBA that will be met by the Water Supply Board has been recorded as the Water Supply Board's debt.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued) 7

Debt service requirements for bonds and notes payable at June 30, 2007 were as follows:

43	Total	51,175	51 412	0 0 0	49,673	49,402	43,323	189,952	135,415	79,391	17,722	9,176	•	676,641													
-Wide		69												ક													
Total Government Entity-Wide	Interest	21,124	19 896	0 0	18,589	17,213	15,649	59,252	29,734	13,857	7,124	7,220	•	209,658													
Gover		⇔												ક													
Total	Principal	30.051	31 516	2 .	31,084	32,189	27,674	130,700	105,681	65,534	10,598	1,956	ı	466,983													
	<u>-</u>	69	•											ઝ													
	Total	22 681	24 950	7,000	23,431	23,392	21,099	95,934	71,100	33,483	•	•	•	316,070		į	Total		24,899	26,747	25,226	25,175	22,629	99,579	71,953	33,483	329,691
		€.	•											\$		Sé			69								
PPBA	Interest	10 422	778 0	1,0,0	9,199	8,528	7,875	30,059	14,055	3,673				93,655		Business-I ype Activities	Interest		10,804	10,170	9,470	8,741	8,033	30,381	14,125	3,673	95,397
u.	드	€	•											49		ness-	<u>=</u>		€9								
	Principal	12 259	11,100	2	14,232	14,864	13,224	65,875	57,045	29,810				222,415	1	Bus	Principal	is de	14,095	16,577	15,756	16,434	14,596	69,198	57,828	29,810	234,294
	Pri	¥	,											s			P		₩								
	•													•	•		•	•									
	Total	28 404	20,403	70,407	26,242	26,010	22,224	94,018	64,315	45,908	17,722	9,176		360,571					2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	13-2017	118-2022	2023-2027	
es		e	•											s										×	×	×	
Governmental Activities	Interest	40.702	10,102	70,01	6,390	8,685	7,774	29,193	15,679	10,184	7,124	7,220		\$ 116,003													
Gov	Principal	47 703	2011	15,410	16,852	17,325	14,450	64,825	48,636	35,724	10,598	1,956		244,568													
	Pi	6	9											ss													
														. '													
		0000	2000	5002	2010	2011	2012	2013-2017	2018-2022	2023-2027	2028-2032	2033-2037	2038-2042														

(CONTINUED)

13,621

છ

1,742

\$

11,879

316,070

93,655

222,415

Less amount representing the PPBA

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued) 7

Bonds Payable	Date of	Amount	Interest	Maturity	Balance	Additions	Refirements	Balance June 30, 2007
Action to the second se	enssi	penssi	Kate	Cate	June 30, 2000	Siloning	Silver in the same of the same	200
Day 2004 Carios A	12/1/2001	37 000 000	3.0-5.5%	1/15/2026	\$ 33,820	, У	\$ 27,985	\$ 5,835
CO's Defination Bonds '07	5/15/1997	23 435 000	4.4-5.5%	1/15/2011	7,965		1,630	6,335
Octomber 2001: Tavable	12/1/2007	13 000 000	3.00-6.84%	1/15/2026	12,110		325	11,785
Understand Board	8/1/2000	6 825 000	4.75-5.375%	8/15/2015	5,195		395	4,800
Sungaries Donds 2001	12/1/2001	21.620.000	3.0-5.5%	1/15/2013	13,285		1,940	11,345
Refunding Ronds 2002	7/1/2002	7.820.000	1.75-3.00%	5/1/2006	1,475		1,475	•
Revenue Refunding Bonds 2005 Series A	3/1/2005	67,315,000	3.0-5.0%	4/1/2029	99'290		1,975	64,525
GO Refunding Bonds 2004 Series A	9/16/2004	34,395,000	2.5-5.5%	7/15/2019	33,480		1,895	31,585
GO Refunding Bonds 2004 Series B	9/16/2004	12,135,000	2.37-5.41%	7/15/2019	11,885		635	11,250
Refinancing Neighborhood Bond 2001	8/1/2006	29,910,000	3.625-3.75%	6/30/2026	•	29,910	1	29,910
Special Obligation Bonds Series F	6/1/2006	24,465,000	4-5%	6/1/2016	24,425		1,035	23,390
Special Obligation Bonds Series E	6/1/2006	1 480 000	2.07%	6/1/2009	1,130		475	655
Special Obligation Bonds Series G	6/1/2006	2,730,000	4-5%	6/1/2010	2,730		515	2,215
					\$ 214 000	29 910	40 280	203.630
Total governmental activities bonds payable								
Revenue Bonds					14,708		2,829	11,879
1995 Series B	6/1/1995	7.500.000	4.70-7.10%	12/1/2014	4,535		400	4,135
1996 Series A	3/119/96	36,225,000	3.50-5.40%	12/1/2011	16,340		2,610	13,730
(I ESS: PPBA Water Portion)	! ! !	(7.455,105)			(3,362)		(537)	(2,825)
1996 Series B	12/1/1996	21,225,000	5.375-6.50%	12/1/2017	14,370		066	13,380
1997 Series A	12/1/1997	1,925,000	4.30-6.50%	12/1/2007	460		225	235
1998 Series A	5/1/1998	28,270,000	3.85-5.10%	12/1/2018	20,370		1,355	19,015
1999 Series A	7/1/1999	39,750,000	4.10-5.5%	12/1/2019	31,555		1,590	29,965
2000 Series A	5/1/2000	18,770,000	5.5-5.8%	12/1/2020	15,830		969	15,135
2000 Series B	9/1/2000	10,435,000	5.25-5.75%	12/1/2010	5,685		1,000	4,685
2001 Series A	12/1/2001	9,995,000	3.25-5.125%	12/1/2021	8,900		390	8,510
2002 Series A	12/1/2002	1,216,000		12/1/2008	1,216		•	1,216
2003 Series A	3/1/2003	31,000,000	2.5-5.0%	12/1/2023	28,720		1,185	27,535
2003 Series B	6/1/2003	31,000,000	3.0-5.0%	12/1/2023	28,855		1,155	27,700
2006 Series A	9/1/2006	000'000'09	4.0-5.0%	5/1/2027		000 09		000'09
Total business-type activities bonds payable					\$ 188,182	\$ 60,000	\$ 13,887	\$ 234,295

Total interest expense paid on general long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2007 was approximately \$18,500.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Capital Notes		7	4 - 4 - 1				Õ	Dotinomont	å	Bolonco
Date of Issue		Amount	Rate	Maturity Date	June 30, 2006	6 Additions			June	June 30, 2007
4/1/2003	↔	23,655	1.70 - 4.25%	2013	⇔	\$	↔	865	₩	21,325
7/1/2005		2,223	5.75%	2100		က္က	,	345		1,878
11/1/2005		9,145	3.61%	2010	9,145	5		1,701		7,444
5/1/2006		6,857	5.34 - 5.56%	2036	-	7:		1		6,857
					\$ 40,41	40,415 \$	↔	- \$ 2,911 \$	↔	37,504

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Notes Payable

At June 30, 2007, the City had several notes outstanding relating to planning and development activities. These notes included \$320 of notes payable through 2011 with an interest rate of 7.35%. The notes are payable in annual installments of approximately \$79,000. These notes also included \$1,800 of Section 108 loans payable through 2013 with interest rates ranging from 3.82% to 7.18%; \$730 was paid in 2007. In addition, the City has a note payable of \$1,314 outstanding relating to the Fleet Skating Center. The interest rate on the note varies.

PPBA Eliminations

The Providence Public Building Authority (PPBA) issues long-term bonds for the acquisition and construction of capital assets. Upon acquisition or completion, these capital assets are leased to the City. Because the PPBA is included as a blended component unit in the accompanying statements, the capital assets and related debt are reported as part of the governmental activities and business-type activities columns in the government-wide statements as presented below. The respective amounts in the PPBA statements have been eliminated in the business-type activities column in order to properly reflect the debt and assets. The annual requirements to amortize the debt payable at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

		Ci	ty			Water Sup	ply Bo	ard		То	tal	
	F	Principal	l	nterest	Р	rincipal	Int	erest	F	rincipal	l	nterest
2008	\$	12,259	\$	10,422	\$	560	\$	131	\$	12,819	\$	10,553
2009		15,106		9,844		589		102		15,695		9,946
2010		14,232		9,199		618		71		14,850		9,270
2011		14,864		8,528		612		39		15,476		8,567
2012		13,224		7,875		416		11		13,640		7,886
2013-2017		65,875		30,058		-		-		65,875		30,058
2018-2022		57,045		14,055		-		-		57,045		14,055
2023-2027		29,810		3,673		-		-		29,810		3,673
	\$	222,415	\$	93,654	\$	2,795	\$	354	\$	225,210	\$	94,008

The City and the Water Supply Board entered into lease agreements with the PPBA relating to various capital projects. In connection with these lease agreements, the PPBA issued revenue bonds that will be repaid by the Water Board with the \$0.01 per hundred gallons Water Quality Protection Charge. The City repays the PPBA as lease payments from general revenues. The PPBA debt to be repaid by the proprietary funds has been shown as debt in those funds' financial statements. PPBA debt to be repaid by the City is presented as debt of the governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Debt limit

Except as explained below, under Rhode Island law, the City may not, without special statutory authorization, incur any debt which would increase its aggregate indebtedness not otherwise excepted by law to an amount greater than 3% of the taxable property of the City. Deducted from the computation of aggregate indebtedness is the amount of any borrowing in anticipation of taxes authorized by law and the amount of any sinking funds maintained by the City. The current outstanding debt of the City subject to the 3% debt limit is \$19.3 million and the current 3% debt limit of the City is \$294.2 million based on taxable property as of December 31, 2005, of approximately \$9.9 billion, leaving a remaining borrowing capacity of approximately \$274.9 million.

The State of Rhode Island General Assembly (General Assembly) may, by special act permit the City to incur indebtedness outside the 3% debt limit. Bonds issued either within the 3% debt limit or by special legislation adopted by the General Assembly authorizing the City to incur debt are subject to referendum by the electors of the City. On June 30, 2007, the total outstanding debt of the City issued outside the 3% debt limit was \$93.4 million, excluding water bonds and sewer bonds that are deemed self-supporting.

In addition to debt authorized within the 3% debt limit and debt authorized by special act of the General Assembly, Rhode Island General Laws Section 45-12-11 authorizes the State Director of Administration, upon petition by a municipality, to authorize such municipality to incur indebtedness in excess of the 3% debt limit whenever the Director shall determine that the sums appropriated by the municipality or its funds available are insufficient to pay the necessary expenses of the municipality. The City has not requested the State Director of Administration to authorize indebtedness of the City under Section 45-12-11.

Bond Anticipation Notes

The City had no bond anticipation note transactions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

In-Substance Defeasance - Prior Years

In prior years, the City has defeased various bond issues by creating separate irrevocable trust funds. New debt has been issued and the proceeds have been used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in the trust funds. The investments and fixed earnings from the investments are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. For financial reporting purposes, the debt has been considered defeased and therefore removed as a liability from the City's government-wide financial statements. As of June 30, 2007, the amount of defeased debt outstanding, but removed from the City's government-wide financial statements, was approximately \$125 million.

2006 General Obligation Refunding Bond

During January 2007, the City issued \$29,910 of general obligation refunding bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.625% to 3.750%, which was used to refund portions of the City's outstanding \$37,000 General Obligation Bonds, 2001 Series A dated December 1, 2001 and to provide for all or a portion of the Costs of Issuance of the 2006 Series A Bonds. Net proceeds of \$29,514 (after payment of underwriters fees and other costs) was placed into a irrevocable trust fund under a Refunding Trust Agreement dated August 1, 2006 with the Trustee to be applied immediately to purchase non-callable direct obligations of the United States of America- State and Local Government Series ("Government Obligations") and to fund, if needed, a cash deposit in such amount. The maturing interest and principle of the Government Obligations will be applied solely to the payment of the principle of the redemption premium, and interest on the Refunded Bonds.

The City advance refunded the above bonds to reduce total debt service payments over the next 10 years by approximately \$1,827 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1,798.

The balance in escrow was approximately \$28,000 at June 30, 2007. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered defeased and the liability has been removed from the basic financial statements.

8. LEASE COMMITMENTS

Property and equipment carried at approximately \$98,000, with approximately \$46,000 in accumulated depreciation, in the governmental activities is being acquired until capital lease arrangements.

The City is obligated under various capital and operating leases to make the following aggregate annual lease payments (in thousands): Lease expenditures approximated \$2,030 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

	Operating	<u>Capital</u>
2008	\$ 2,030 2,030 2,030 2,030 2,030	\$ 6,669 6,089 4,581 3,066 2,042
Thereafter	6,090 \$ 16,240	664 23,111
Less: interest		2,162
Present value of minimum payments		<u>\$ 20,949</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

8. LEASE COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

Minimum future lease payments under capital leases for the proprietary funds as of June 30, 2007 are as follows (in thousands):

Years	Water Supply Board	
2008	\$1,070 1,083 1,014 <u>3,167</u>	
Less: interest	217	
Present value of minimum payments	<u>\$2.950</u>	

Sale-Leaseback

During fiscal 2000 and 2002, the City entered into sale-leaseback transactions involving certain street lights within the City. The transactions resulted in the City receiving \$7.9 million in payments and committing to a future stream of lease payments. In addition, the City is also committed to a future series of payments for the maintenance of the street lights. The future commitment for maintenance is as follows:

2008	\$1,070
2009	1,034
2010	990
Total minimum lease payments	\$3,094

9. RESTRICTED ASSETS AND RELATED LIABILITIES

The State of Rhode Island enacted the Public Drinking Water Protection Act of 1987 (the Act) that empowers suppliers of public drinking water to levy a surcharge (the Water Quality Protection Surcharge) of \$0.01 per hundred gallons of water for all customers. The Act was amended numerous times and effective July 1, 2002, the surcharge increased to \$0.0292 per hundred gallons of water for all customers. In addition to the increase, the Water Supply Board will retain 36.1% of the surcharge in its Water Quality Protection fund, remit 57% to the State Water Resources Board and retain 6.9% for general operations.

The restricted assets are pooled with the cash and cash equivalents and investments of other funds maintained by the City. The earnings from pooled cash and cash equivalents and investments are allocated in proportion to each funds' balance.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

10. FUND EQUITY

The following non-major funds had deficits as of June 30, 2007:

Governmental:

WDO	\$	9
Skating Rink	_5	<u>72</u>
	\$58	31

These deficits are expected to be eliminated through transfers from the City's general fund and from other revenue sources.

Reserved fund balances at June 30, 2007 are as follows (in thousands):

Non-Major Governmental Funds:

Reserved for loans......\$10,157

The City has also designated \$550 in the general fund, which will be appropriated in the fiscal 2008 budget and \$16,026 in the non-major Governmental Funds.

The Water Supply Board has restricted net assets of \$17.3 million at June 30, 2007. This represents the excess of restricted assets over liabilities payable from restricted assets unexpended water quality protection revenue.

11. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The City contributes to two defined benefit pension plans - the Employees' Retirement System of the City of Providence (ERS), a single employer plan; and the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (the System), a cost-sharing multiple employer plan. The ERS is presented in the accompanying financial statements as a pension trust fund. A separate financial statement is not issued. The System is not included in the basic financial statements.

(a) Employees' Retirement System of the City of Providence (ERS)

• Plan Description and Contribution Information

Membership of the ERS plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2007, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	2,833
Active plan members	
Vested	1,797
Non-vested	1,286
•	5,916

<u>CITY OF PROVIDENCE. RHODE ISLAND</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued) 11.

(a) Employees' Retirement System of the City of Providence (ERS) (Continued)

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation Date

Actuarial cost method

Amortization cost method

Remaining amortization period

Asset valuation method

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return

Projected salary increases

Cost of living adjustments

June 30, 2007

Individual entry age method

Approximate level percent of payroll-open

23 years (for original unfunded)

5-year moving average of market values

8.5%

2007-2011 - 4.5%

2012-2016 - 4.75%

3% to 6%

Plan Description

ERS is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers most management employees of the City, except school teachers and employees of the Civic Center Authority. The Plan provides retirement. disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) are provided to retirees and beneficiaries at varying percentages ranging from 0% to 6%.

Contributions

Class A members and police officers are required to contribute 8% of their salary to the Plan. Class B members, other than police officers, are required to contribute 9 1/2% of their salary to the Plan. The Mayor and City Council contribute to the Plan at a rate of \$350 per year. Additionally, the City shall contribute from time to time amounts sufficient with the contributions of elected officials to provide the special pensions granted to them. The City's contributions to the ERS for the years ended June 30, 2007, 2006 and 2005 were \$50,686, \$49,510 and \$45,455, respectively.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation (NPO)

The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to ERS for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 50,584
Interest on NPO	10,244
Amortization of NPO	(8,181)
Annual pension cost	52,647
Contributions made	(50,686)
Increase in net pension obligation	
Net pension obligation, beginning of year	120,526
Net pension obligation, end of year	\$122,487

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

11. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

(b) Employees Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island

Plan Description

All full-time teachers including superintendents, principals, school nurses and certain other school officials (classified employees) in the Providence School Department participate in the Employees Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (System), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public retirement system. The System provides retirement, death and disability benefits, all of which are established by State statute. The plan issues a stand-alone publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. A copy of the report can be obtained from the State Employees Retirement Board, 40 Fountain Street, Providence, Rhode Island 02903, or by accessing their website at www.ersri.org.

Classified employees who retire at or after age 60 with 10 years of credited service or at any age with 28 years of credited service are entitled to a retirement benefit payable monthly for life. The retirement benefit is a percentage of final average salary per year of credit service with a maximum benefit of 80% of "final average" salary. Final average salary is the three highest consecutive years of earned salary excluding overtime, bonuses, or severance pays. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by State statute. The percent of earnings relating to each year of credited service is as follows:

Years of Credited Service	Percent/Year
1 - 10	1.7%
11 - 20	1.9%
21 - 34	3.0%
35	2.0%

Funding Policy

System members are required by State statute to contribute 9.5% of their salary to the System. The School Department contributions are based on a percentage of annual compensation of active members, half of which is payable by the State of Rhode Island. The School Department contributions made for the years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, and 2005 were approximately \$15.9, \$12.8 million and \$11.1 million, respectively, and were equal to the required contributions for each year. The required contributions include (a) normal costs; (b) payments to amortize the unfunded frozen actuarial accrued liability as of July 1, 1989 over 27 years; and (c) interest on the unfunded frozen actuarial liability. Normal cost is determined using the entry age normal cost method with frozen initial liability. Both employers and employees contribute 1% of the first \$9,600 of salary for survivor benefits. In addition, the School Department is required to contribute .7% for post-retirement health benefits. A variety of significant actuarial assumptions are used and these assumptions are summarized below:

- A. Mortality 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table with mortality for disabled persons set equal to the age 65 under the 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table.
- B. Investment return .8.25 percent, compounded annually.
- Salary increase Salaries will increase at a rate of 4.50 8.50 percent, compounded annually.
- D. Retirement age Teachers are assumed to retire at the later of age 61 or completion of the service requirements.
- E. Cost of living adjustments 3.0 percent compounded annually beginning on the January 1st following a participant's third anniversary of retirement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

11. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (Continued)

(b) Employees Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island (Continued)

As prescribed by Rhode Island general law, the State pays the entire portion of the annual required contribution attributable to the costs of contributions deferred by the State in prior years plus 40% of contributions assessed to employers on payroll not reimbursable through Federal programs. This resulted in contribution rates paid by the State on behalf of the School Department totaling \$11.9 million for fiscal year ended June 30, 2007.

(c) Other City Pension Costs

The City is required to make contributions to the National Pension Plan of the Laborers' International Union of North America, a multi-employer plan. The pension cost for these purposes amounted to \$3.4 million for the year ended June 30, 2007.

12. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Under various union contracts, the City pays health care benefits for certain retired employees and funds these benefits on a cash (pay-as-you-go) basis. Currently, approximately 3,000 retirees receive these benefits. During the year ended June 30, 2007, the cost of retiree health care benefits recorded by the City amounted to \$33.9 million.

13. CONTINGENCIES

The City is involved in numerous lawsuits, claims and grievances arising in the normal course of business, including claims for property damage, personal injury and personnel practices, disputes over property condemnation proceedings and suits contesting the legality of certain taxes. In the opinion of City officials, the ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the City's basic financial statements. Included in the government-wide financial statements is a provision for claims that are deemed probable.

The Rhode Island Department of Education is reviewing the calculation of the City's prior year school housing aid revenue. It is not possible at this time to determine the ultimate liability, if any, that may result from this review. According, no liability has been reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

The City participates in a number of federally-assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. In the opinion of City officials, liabilities resulting from such disallowed expenditures, if any, will not be material to the accompanying basic financial statements.

The City is committed under contracts for outstanding projects approximating \$8 million as of June 30, 2007.

14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The City leases certain properties from the PPBA. The estimated future minimum lease payments required under these agreements coincide with the principal and interest payments on bonds issued by the PPBA. The leases terminate between 2010 and 2027. The City, in turn, subleases a portion of this property to the School Department. At the expiration of the leases, the City, at its option, can purchase the properties for a nominal amount (see Notes 5 and 7).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2007 (IN THOUSANDS)

15. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is self-insured in most areas of risk, subject to certain third-party "stop loss" coinsurance of \$225 per claim for health insurance. Self-insured risks include general liability, property and casualty, workers' compensation, unemployment and employee health and life insurance claims. The City does, however, purchase commercial insurance for all buildings leased from the PPBA. The City's Counsel defends the City in any lawsuits that arise from the normal course of operations. At no time during the past three years have insurance settlements exceeded coverage.

The City's health insurance program provides coverage to the City's employees and retirees through Healthmate and Blue Cross - Blue Shield of Rhode Island (BCIBS). In 1997, the City first went to a self-insured program with BC/BS and United Health Care. BC/BS and United Health Care act as a third-party agents for the City in the payment of the various claim plans used by the City. Costs incurred for the operation of BCIBS and United Health Care plans are accounted for in an internal service fund. Costs to the City are paid by all funds based on "working rates" established by a third party medical consultant.

The City is required to record liabilities for self-insured claims if it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount can be reasonable estimated. The City has established a liability based on historical trends of previous years, where available, and attorney's estimates of pending matters and lawsuits in which the City is involved.

Changes in the risk management liability for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007 and June 30, 2006 are below. Legal claims and incurred but not reported claims for health benefits are recorded in the City's internal service fund. Accrued workers' compensation claims are recorded on the entity-wide statements. This schedule presents the activity for all self-insured risks.

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Beginning of year	\$20,953	\$15,897
Incurred claimsLess: payments of claims attributable to events	86,320	88,804
of both the current and prior fiscal years:		
Health, legal and workers' compensation	87,553	83,748
Total	\$19,720	\$20,953
Legal claims	\$8,823	\$9,460
Health - IBNR	6,451	7,229
Workers' compensation	4,446	4,264
Total	\$19,720	\$20,953

16. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In October 2007, the PPBA issued \$75,000,000 of 2007 Series A Revenue Bonds through the Rhode Island Health and Educational Building Corporation. These bonds have interest rates ranging from 3.75% to 5.50% and mature through May 2028.

In October 2007, the PPBA issued \$16,470,000 of 2007 Series B Refunding Revenue Bonds through the Rhode Island Health and Educational Building Corporation. These bonds have interest rates ranging from 3.75% to 4.25% and mature through May 2021.

(CONCLUDED)

CITY OF PROVIDENCE

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information General Fund Revenues and Expenditures-Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007 (in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance With
Revenues and Transfers	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
everiues and Transiers				(Megative)
ax revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 208,628	\$ 208,628	\$ 211,732	3,104
Tangible tax	26,959	26,959	28,440	1,481
Excise tax	13,469	13,469	15,685	2,216
Interest on overdue taxes	5,200	5,200	5,441	241
	254,256	254,256	261,298	7,042
Payments in lieu of taxes	20,165	20,165	20,124	(41)
Tax stabilization plans	6,600	6,600	6,600	•
State revenue	66,039	66,039	67,006	967
Fines	6,600	6,600	4,307	(2,293)
Rents	8,949	8,949	8,952	` 3
Investment interest	3,500	3,500	5,279	1,779
Miscellaneous	80	80	133	53
Executive, legislative, and judicial:				
City clerk	8	8	12	4
Probate court	200	200	190	(10)
Housing court	15	15	13	(2)
	223	223	215	(8)
Finance:				
Data processing	230	230	230	
City collector	475	475	457	(18)
City controller	-	-	1	1
City assessor	653	653	2	(651)
Personnel			1	1
	1,358	1,358	691	(667
Public safety:				
Commissioner of public safety	55			•
Police department	2,135			
Fire department	650			
Communications department	845		6	(
Traffic engineering	750			
	4,435	4,435	2,189	(2,246
Building inspection department:				
Building inspection administration	4,550			
Zoning board of review	85			•
Building board of review	25	25		•
Structures and zoning	-		9	
	4,660	4,660	6,379	
				(C

Required Supplementary Information General Fund Revenues and Expenditures-Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2007 (In thousands)

ublic works: Environmental control Highway Snow removal Sewer construction and maintenance ublic lands and parks: North Burial Ground other departments: Recorder of deeds Vital statistics Board of canvassers Bureau of licenses Civil defenese preparedness WSB reimbursement	5 125 - 35 165	5 125 - 35 165	202 - 43 245	77 - 8 80
Environmental control Highway Snow removal Sewer construction and maintenance ublic lands and parks: North Burial Ground other departments: Recorder of deeds Vital statistics Board of canvassers Bureau of licenses Civil defenese preparedness WSB reimbursement	125 - 35 165 - - 4,100	125 - 35	43 245	- 8 80
Environmental control dighway Snow removal Sewer construction and maintenance sublic lands and parks: North Burial Ground ther departments: Recorder of deeds //ital statistics Board of canvassers Bureau of licenses Civil defenese preparedness WSB reimbursement	125 - 35 165 - - 4,100	125 - 35	43 245	77 - 8 80
Highway Snow removal Sewer construction and maintenance ublic lands and parks: North Burial Ground Wher departments: Recorder of deeds Vital statistics Board of canvassers Bureau of licenses Civil defenese preparedness WSB reimbursement	125 - 35 165 - - 4,100	125 - 35	43 245	77 - 8 80
Snow removal Sewer construction and maintenance ublic lands and parks: North Burial Ground other departments: Recorder of deeds Vital statistics Board of canvassers Bureau of licenses Civil defenese preparedness WSB reimbursement	- 35 165 - - 4,100	- 35	43 245	- 8 80
Sewer construction and maintenance ublic lands and parks: North Burial Ground Ither departments: Recorder of deeds Vital statistics Board of canvassers Bureau of licenses Civil defenese preparedness WSB reimbursement	165 4,100		245	80
ublic lands and parks: North Burial Ground other departments: Recorder of deeds Vital statistics Board of canvassers Bureau of licenses Civil defenese preparedness WSB reimbursement	165 4,100		245	80
North Burial Ground ther departments: Recorder of deeds //ital statistics Board of canvassers Bureau of licenses Civil defenese preparedness WSB reimbursement		<u>-</u>	162	
North Burial Ground ther departments: Recorder of deeds //ital statistics Board of canvassers Bureau of licenses Civil defenese preparedness WSB reimbursement		-	162	
Recorder of deeds Vital statistics Board of canvassers Bureau of licenses Civil defenese preparedness WSB reimbursement				162
Recorder of deeds Vital statistics Board of canvassers Bureau of licenses Civil defenese preparedness WSB reimbursement				
Vital statistics Board of canvassers Bureau of licenses Civil defenese preparedness WSB reimbursement		4,100	5,151	1,051
Board of canvassers Bureau of licenses Civil defenese preparedness WSB reimbursement	งอน	350	318	(32)
Bureau of licenses Civil defenese preparedness WSB reimbursement	-	-	1	1
Civil defenese preparedness WSB reimbursement	1,306	1,306	1,428	122
WSB reimbursement	197	197	144	(53)
	660	660	579	(81)
IIDA/planning reimbilicement	535	535	440	(95)
JTPA/planning reimbursement Room tax	825	825	1,357	532
Fax stabilization	-	-	50	50
School department master lease	1,751	1,751	1,751	-
Planning and urban development	1,751	1,751	1,757	8
Providence Place Mall	200	200	200	-
	1,000	1,000	200	(1,000)
PNHC	3,927	3,927	3,933	(1,000)
Voluntary payments in lieu of taxes	3,927	3,921	3,933 9	9
Restituition payments	14,851	14,851	15,369	518
	14,001	14,001	10,000	
Public Properties	1,270	1,270	1,252	(18)
ransfers:				
Transfer from School Department			598	598
Transfer from Planning Department	500	500	-	(500
Transfers from Hurricane Barrier	50	50	-	(50
Transfer from revolving funds	500	500	1,500	1,000
Transfer from parking tickets	1,800	1,800	1,735	(65
Fransfer from rescue runs	1,900	1,900	1,820	(80
Fransfer from police detail fund	550	550	650	100
Transfer from expendable trust	14,000	14,000	6,858	(7,142
Transfers from North Burial Ground	225	225	120	(105
	19,525	19,525	13,281	(6,244
Total	\$ 412,676	\$ 412,676		

Required Supplementary Information General Fund Revenues and Expenditures-Budgetary Basis-Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2007 (in thousands)

	B	udgeted	Am	ounts				
xpenditures and Transfers	Oriç	jinal		Final		Actual	Variance W Final Budg Positive (Negative	et
xecutive, legislative and judicial:								
Mayor's office	\$	1,992	\$	1,992	\$	2.031	\$	(39)
City Council	Ψ	818	Ψ	818	•	874		(56)
		34		34		32		2
City sergeant		641		641		559		82
City clerk						2,600		114
Law department		2,714		2,714				
Municipal court		604		604		821	•	217)
Probate court		250		250		261		(11)
Housing court		245		245		252		(7)
Contingencies-Mayor		110		110		118		(8)
Contingencies-City Council	·	111		111		37		74
		7,519		7,519		7,585		(66)
Finance:								
Finance director		431		431		474		(43)
City controller		974		974		981		(7)
Employees retirement office		379		379		371		8
Data processing		2,331		2,331		2,190		141
City collector		1,869		1,869		1,327		542
City assessor		2,018		2,018		1,345		673
Board of tax assesment review		16		16		13		3
Treasury department		278		278		235		43
Personnel		931		931		915		16
Heat, light and power		5,680		5,680		5,531		149
Employees Retirement System		. 0,000		0,000		0,001		
contributions		41,745		41,745		41,745		_
Elected officials		125		125		41,740		125
		166		166		143		23
Laborers legal fees		100		100		143		23
Local 1033 benefits-Public Employees		2 245		2 245		2.462	,	247
Health Services		2,215		2,215		2,462	,	247
Laborers International Pension		4 005		4 005		4 405	,	400
contributions		1,325		1,325		1,425		100
Debt service		29,776		29,776		29,256		520
Interest on bonded debt		17,618		17,618		18,506	(888
FICA		4,150		4,150		4,079		71
Medical insurance		41,557		41,557		40,448		109
Workers compensation		1,692		1,692		1,817	(125
Unemployment compensation		160		160		133		27
Reserve for anticipated tax abatements		400		400		78		322
		155,836		155,836		153,474	2	362
Dublic cofebu								
Public safety:		389		389		365		24
Commissioner of public safety								150
Police department		43,859		43,859		43,709		
Fire department		41,333		41,333		43,059	,	726
Communications department		6,160		6,160		5,896		264
Traffic Engineering		1,196	j	1,196		1,117		79 209,
		92,937		92,937		94,146		

Required Supplementary Information General Fund Revenues and Expenditures-Budgetary Basis-Budget and Actual, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2007 (in thousands)

	Budgeted A	mounts		
Expenditures and Transfers	Original	Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Building inspection department:				
Building inspection administration	1,120	1,120	1,052	68
Structures and zoning division	681	681	573	108
Plumbing, drainage, and gas piping	440	110	125	/17\
division Electrical installations division	118 198	118 19 8	135 168	(17) 30
Mechanical equipment and installation	190	190	100	50
division	164	164	151	13
Zoning board of review	31	31	37	(6)
Building and housing board of review	13	13	13	-
Building inspection code enforcement	414	414	234	180
Building inspection prosecution	144	144	99	45
	2,883	2,883	2,462	421
Public works:				
Public works administration	551	551	524	27
Engineering and sanitation	398	398	297	101
Environmental control	8,695	8,695	7,960	735
Highway	2,426	2,426	2,802	(376)
Snow removal	800	800	890	(90)
Sewer construction and maintenance	455	455	386	69
Garage maintenance and equipment	584	584	564	20
repair	13,909	13,909	13,423	486
	10,000	10,000	10,120	
Recreation:				
Recreation	1,086	1,086	1,014	72
Recreation seasonal	731	731	696	35
	1,817	1,817	1,710	107
Public lands and parks:				
Grounds maintenance services	2,613	2,613	2,445	168
Forestry services	756	756	756	
Zoological services	1,843	1,843	1,952	(109)
Park environmental services	458	458	451	7
Park programming	1,364	1,364	1,388	
Superintendent of parks	1,086	1,086	1,023	
North Burial Grounds	469	469	605	
	8,589	8,589	8,620	(31)
Other departments:				
Recorder of deeds	452	452	503	(51)
Vital statistics	222	222	196	
Board of canvassers	657	657	698	(41)
Bureau of licenses	434	434	497	(63)

Required Supplementary Information General Fund Revenues and Expenditures-Budgetary Basis-Budget and Actual, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2007 (in thousands)

	Budgeted A	moun ts		
Expenditures and Transfers	Original	Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Other departments, Continued:				
Civil defense preparedness	364	364	353	11
Planning and urban development	1,915	1,915	1,591	324
Administration to City Council	700	700	577	123
Internal auditor	278	278	220	58
Archives	150	150	158	(8)
Department of human services	258	258	248	10
Providence Housing Authority	50	50	53	(3)
League of Cities	12	12	14	(2)
Public celebrations	10	10	10	-
Office of Arts, Culture, Film & Tourism	356	356	410	(54)
P.E.R.A.	260	260	214	`46 [°]
	6,118	6,118	5,742	376
Grants:				
Providence Public Library	3,000	3,000	3,000	-
Rhode Island Historical Society	9	9	9	-
Capital Center	50	50	50	-
Providence Plan Commission	150	150	150	-
Providence Center	200	200	200	-
Mary E. Sharpe Tree Fund	30	30	30	-
Community centers	350	350	350	-
Crossroads	150	150	150	-
Institute of Non-Violence	100	100	100	-
Procap	92	92	92	_
First source	200	200	200	_
r iist source	4,331	4,331	4,331	-
Public properties	4,869	4,869	5,654	(785)
Purchasing	291	291	278	13
Transfers:				
Transfers to School Department	113,577	113,577	113,577	-
	113,577	113,577	113,577	-
Total	\$ 412,676	\$ 412,676	\$ 411,002	\$ 1,674

(CONCLUDED)

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures-Budget and ActualSchool Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2007 (in thousands)

		Budgeted	Am	ounts			
		Original		Final	Actual	Fin	ance With al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:							
Federal and state revenue	\$	193,743	\$	193,743	\$ 192,287	\$	(1,456)
Other revenue		1,147		1,147	1,214		67
Transfers from other funds		114,827		114,827	114,827		-
Master lease proceeds		1,500		1,500	412		(1,088)
Total revenues		311,217		311,217	 308,740		(2,477)
Expenditures:							
Education		311,217		311,217	 308,740		2,477
Excess revenue over expenditures	_\$	**	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2007

Schedules of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual - General and School Funds

The City employs the following procedures in establishing the General Fund budgetary data reflected in the accompanying required supplementary information:

- At least sixty days prior to July 1, the Mayor submits a proposed operating budget for the upcoming fiscal year
 to the City Council. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing
 appropriations over expected revenues.
- The final budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- The Mayor is authorized to make minor transfers of budgeted amounts between departments. Significant budget revisions or transfers must be approved by the City Council.

The General and School funds are the only governmental funds that have legally adopted annual budgets. The "actual amounts" presented in the accompanying schedules are presented on a budgetary basis.

The budget for the School Fund is prepared annually and approved by the Providence School Board. The amount of the annual transfer from the General Fund is ultimately determined through the adoption of the General Fund budget. This appropriation does not lapse at year-end.

The difference between the amounts shown in the accompanying schedules and those shown in the basic financial statements relate solely to reclassifications made between revenues and expenditures as presented below (in thousands):

	General Fund	 School Fund
Total budgetary revenues and transfers per schedule Reclassification of:	\$ 413,482	\$ 308,740
Refunding bond proceeds and premium income On-behalf payments paid directly by the State of	29,910	
Rhode Island Teachers' Retiremnet System		11,915
Total revenues and transfers		
per financial statements	\$ 443,392	\$ 320,655
Total budgetary expenditures and transfers per schedule Reclassification of:	\$ 411,002	\$ 308,740
Refunding bond costs and payment escrow	29,910	
On-behalf payments paid directly by the State of		
Rhode Island Teachers' Retirement System		 11,915
Total expenditures and transfers per		
financial statements	\$ 440,912	\$ 320,655

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSION SCHEDULES JUNE 30, 2007

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest valuation follows:

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	June 30, 2007
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age method
Amortization method	
Remaining amortization period	23 years (for original unfunded)
Asset valuation method	5 - year smoothed market value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	8.5%
Projected salary increases	2008-2009 – 4%
	2010-2013 – 4.25%
	Thereafter – 4.5%
Cost-of-living adjustments	3% to 6%

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date June 30	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2001	\$ 341,986	\$ 821,363	\$ 479,377	41.64%	\$ 116,493	411.51%
2002	340,550	867,457	526,907	39.26%	114,265	461.13%
2003	334,929	899,336	564,407	37.24%	115,015	490.72%
2004	372,128	1,025,345	653,217	36.29%	115,548	565.32%
2005	376,690	993,029	616,339	37.93%	118,600	519.68%
2006	393,768	1,052,805	659,036	37.40%	126,458	521.15%
2007	426,055	1,079,017	652,962	39.49%	132,719	491.99%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FORM THE CITY

Year Ended June 30	R	Annual equired ntribution	Percentage Contributed	
2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007	\$	38,899 42,442 42,008 46,321 49,329 51,454 50,584	60.60% 64.18% 80.25% 85.99% 92.15% 96.22% 100.20%	

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Neighborhood Housing Fund – is used for Administrative and Program Expenses primarily related to Housing Repair Loan Programs and Downpayment/Closing Assistance Programs. Also income related to Tax Stabilization Agreements.

Federal Funds Fund – is used to account for Administrative and Program Expenses and Program Income primarily related to the following federally funded programs: Community Development Block Grant, Emergency Shelter Grant and Housing Opportunities for Persons with Aids.

PEDC Fund - is used to account for Administrative and Program Expenses and Program Income primarily related to loans and grants for business start-ups, expansion, and operating costs (Industrial, Commercial and Operating Accounts).

PRA Fund – Is used to account for Administrative and Program Expenses and Program Income primarily related to the sale, rent and upkeep of Providence Redevelopment Agency controlled land and buildings. Expenses related to implementation of redevelopment projects.

Other P&D – is used to account for Good Faith Deposits – Deposits to secure vacant lots of the PRA until closing. There is also the Lead Fund which is primarily for expenses and income related to federally funded programs that supply loans to homeowners for remediation work, income from federal grants and City Bond dollars.

Other Special Revenue Funds – is used to account for various smaller special revenue funds used by the City.

Skating Rink – is used to account for the operations of the Skating Rink.

WDO – is used to account for proceeds received from the federal government for workforce development services.

Capital Proceeds Fund – is used to account for various smaller operations. It primarily consists of a Trust Fund that has spending stipulations for various City operations, and proceeds received or public safety and seizure.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

PERMANENT TRUST FUNDS

Other 1	Nonmajor	governmental	funds	is	used	to	account	for	permanent
trust fui	nds								

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds 30-Jun-07

													Sther		
	Neighborhood Housing		Federal Funds		PEDC	PRA	Other P & D	Other Special Revenue Fund		Skating Rink	WDO	Capital Proceeds Fund	z g		Totals
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments	ω	2,818	\$ 1,219	*	6,853 \$	13,224	\$ 160	ı,	16,098 \$ 159	21		\$ 28,666	\$ 1,424 16,711	24 \$ 11	70,483 28,688
Receivables, net: Loans Intergovernmental		3,144		ı	7,013		•		' 88 '	4	295	•			10,157 563
Other Due from other funds		58	1,472	. 2	303	, , 6	1 1 1	13,3	2,210 13,312		88	10,292	e	302	25,709 138
Total assets	\$	5,990	\$ 2,691	2	14,169 \$	25,142	\$ 160	\$ 32,047	¥7 \$	21 \$	333	\$ 38,958	\$ 18,437	37	137,948
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES															
LIABILITIES Warrants and accounts payable			4		•	350	110		\$	6	293	, 94	•	\$	1,465
Accrued liabilities Uneamed revenue		4 4	-	•	210		1 1	Ċ	, , ,			, , ,		۰ می ۰	219 3340
Deferred revenue Due to other funds		, 88	829	gs.	1,173	7,459	, 4-	2	396	584	15	6,858		, ,	17,399
Due to other governments Total Ilat/Ilities		83	830	0	1,383	7,809	111	4,4	4,400	593	342	6,858		47	22,456
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Reserved for: Loans		3,14	,	,	7,013	•	i		•			•			10,157
Unreserved Designated for future uses		•			•	,	ı	15,859	529			•	-	167	16,026
Reported in Special revenue funds		2,763	1,861		5,773	17,333	49	11,788	788	(572)	(6)	32,100			71,086
Capital project funds Permanent funds Total fund balances (deflicits)		5,907	1,861	-	12,786	17,333	49	27,647	747	(572)	(6)	32,100	18,223	23	18,223
Total liabilities and fund balances (deficits)	s	5,990	\$ 2,691	\$	14,169 \$	25,142	\$ 160	\$ 32,047	ъ. s	21 \$	333	\$ 38,958	\$ 18,437	37 \$	137,948

CITY OF PROVIDENCE, RHODE BLAND
Combining Balance Sheet
Normajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2007 (in thousands)

	Neighborhood	Federal	Ş	408	Other	Other Special Revenue Fund	Skating Rink	QQ.	Capital Proceeds Fund	Other Normejor Governmental Funds	Totals
	Housing	runds	YEK.	Ę					1	,	
Revenues	•	3	•	9 272	,	22 833 \$	350			\$ 18 \$	30,434
Departmental	\$ 45/ \$	•	* LYB	* n	. ,	8.146	•	2,551		•	23,618
Intergovernmental Interpretation and rantal income	. =	* /7'7	88	630	•	258		•	,	2,982	4,553
Other		353	3	499		427	036	2 551	2.207	3,000	62.094
Total Revenues	44	12,888	1,319	7,674		31,004	nec	1667			
Expenditures											
Current:						2.267			,	•	2,267
Executive, tegislative, and judicial		•		•	•	707'7			•	489	98
Finance	•					8 448		2.519	•	•	8,985
Public safety	•	,				828	371	·	•	•	1,199
Recreation						8,480			8	ጽ	<u>.</u>
Public lands and pants					,	, ,			•	1	
Principal		730	107	2,174							110,5
interest and other costs		92				\$			•	,	19.101
Community development	1,321	12,118	397	5,182	-	20 50	14.6	2510	878	120	44.747
Total expenditures	1,321	12,924	504	7,356		18,084	3/1	6167	Ē		
Excess (deficiency)	(880)	(36)	815	318		13,580	(21)	S	1,259	2,280	17,347
Other Financing Sources (Bees)									Cof	q	96.04
Transfers in				• !	•	1,452			6,858)	(1306)	(22.933)
Transfers out				(8,792)		(1/8'C)			1,934	(1,300)	(12,683)
Total other financing sources (uses)	,	•		(26)'0)		(Samula)					
Not change in fund balance (deficit)	(880)	(96)	815	(8,474)	•	9,055	(21)	32	3,193	980	4,664
		!	;		Ş	10 503	(551)	(44)	28.907	17,410	110.828
Fund Balance (deficit), beginning of year	6,787	1,887	UR'LL	/00/67	P	300'01					
Fund Balance (deficit), and of year	\$ 206'5	1,861	12,786 \$	17,333 \$	64	27,647 \$	(572) \$	\$ (8)	32,100	\$ 18,390 \$	115,492

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) BY GRANT ACCOUNT JUNE 30, 2007 (in thousands)

	_	Title I	Title IV	Miscellaneous Programs		Special Education	Bilingual	State Reimbursable	e sable	Indirect Costs	School	Totals	
ASSETS Cash and investments	s	09		\$.	4,828 \$	304		ss.	\$ 926,9	1,675		13,	13,843
Receivables, net: Other governments		3,087 \$	73		1,664	1,782	\$ 336			€9	1,9	εÓ	8,940
Other Due from other funds Total assets	S	6,391 9,538 \$	73	s.	5,791 12,283 \$	1,192 3,278	440 \$ 776	s	16 6,992 \$	460 2,135 \$	20 20 2,024	14,	14,310
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued fiabilities	sa	73 \$	73	ø	476 \$ 152 708	128	\$ 148	s,	45	<i>6</i> Э	1,243	\$ 2,	2,186 386 708
Deferred revenue Due to other funds		9,231		6	9,333	2,941	582		3,573 \$	1,301	709	27,	27,670
Due to other governments Total liabilities		9,538	73		10,726	3,269	732		3,618	1,301	1,952	31,	31,209
FUND BALANCES (DEFICT)				4	1,557	o	4		3,374	834	72	5,	5,890
Total fund balances (deficit)		•	4	1	1,557	6	44		3,374	834	72	5,	5,890

37,099

2,024 \$

2,135

6,992

9//

3,278

12,283 \$

73 \$

9,538 \$

Total liabilities and fund balance (deficit)

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) BY GRANT FUND JUNE 30, 2007 (in thousands)

			Miscellaneous	Special		State	Indirect	School	
	Titte	Title IV	Programs	Education	Bilingual	Reimbursable	Costs	Lunch	Totals
REVENUES: Federal and state governments	\$ 22.726	196	\$ 11.480	\$ 6.187	\$ 1.257	\$ 3,337		\$ 10,769	\$ 55,952
Miscellaneous				•				982	1,803
Total revenues	22,726	196	12,301	6,187	1,257	3,337	•	11,751	57,755
EXPENDITURES:									
Personnel services	10.669		7,126	3,468	642	2,365		632	24,902
Employee benefits	5,446		1,794	1,731	177			52	10,100
Other supplies	7		34					40	81
Fouriement	115		334					13	462
Miscellaneous services	5.325	172	•					10,942	16,439
Other services	1		1,921	765	345	947			3,978
Pupil transportation	158			2	18				186
Repairs			55						55
Office supplies	17		54			33			104
Education supplies		19	15	27	e	-			180
Textbooks	308		894		47				1,249
Total expenditures	22,045	191	12,230	5,998	1,232	4,361	¢	11,679	57,736
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer to other funds	(641)	(2)	(239)	(187)	(31)		(1,250)		(2,350)
Transfer from other funds Total other financing sources (uses)	(641)	(2)	(539)	(187)	(31)	,	(150)		(1,250)
Net change in fund balances (deficit)	40	ဂ	(168)	2	(9)	(1,024)	(150)	72	(1,231)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	(40)	(3)	1,725	7	50	4,398	984	,	7,121
Fund balance (deficit), and of year	69	•	\$ 1,557	о •	\$	\$ 3,374	\$ 834	\$ 72	\$ 5,890

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency funds	are used	d to acco	unt for a	issets held	by the	government	as
an agent for o	thers.						

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Year Ended June 30, 2007 (In thousands)

	 Balance July 1, 2006	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2007
AGENCY FUND Assets	\$ 878	\$ 346,665	\$ 347,002	\$ 541
Liabilities	 878	351,348	 351,685	\$ 541



CAPITAL ASSETS

City of Providence

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 200		
Governmental funds capital assets, net of related		
accumulated depreciation		
Land	\$	45,707
Improvements other than buildings		6,554
Buildings and improvements		115,453
Buildings - leases		134,380
Infrastructue		114,546
Machinery and equipment		14,055
Constuction in progress - City		8,104
Construction in progress - PPBA		59,740
	\$	498,539
Investments in governmental funds capital assets:	•	400 500
Assets put into service as of June 30, 2007	\$	498,539



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Providence, Rhode Island's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents:

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Schedule 1
Net Assets By Component
Last Six Fiscal Years*
(accrual basis of accounting)
(in thousands)

								Fiscal Year				
		2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		2007
Governmental activities: Invested in canital assets net of related debt	€	53.605	~	41.960 \$	\$	52.962	\$	34,042	∽	22,435	4	51,350
Unrestricted	•	(28,531)	,	(43,153)		(18,473)		(4,820)		11,285		765
Total governmental activities net assets	6 9	25,074	-∽	(1,193)	\$	34,489	\$	29,222	64	33,720	∽	52,115
Business-type activities:												
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	S	122,073	•	130,055	\$	137,962	4	147,543	S	157,507	6	165,284
Restricted		11,532		22,650		16,411		16,193		17,515		19,470
Unrestricted		8889		(1,004)		3,967		(888)		7,431		8,178
Total business-type activities												
net assets	60	140,493	ω.	151,701	۶,	158,340	∞	162,848	~	182,453	₩.	192,932
Primary government:												
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$4	175,678	S	172,015	ح	190,924	4	181,585	- ∽	179,942	€	216,634
Restricted		11,532		22,650		16,411		16,193		17,515		19,470
Unrestricted		(21,643)		(44,157)		(14,506)		(5,708)		18,716		8,943
Total primary government												
net assets	∽	165,567	s	150,508	S	192,829	∽	192,070	~	216,173	S	245,047

^{*} GASB Statement No. 34 Implemented in Fiscal Year 2002

Schedule 2 Changes In Net Assets Last Six Fiscal Years* (accrual basis of accounting) (in thousands)

				Fiscal Year		
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
(penses:						
Governmental activities:						
Executive, legislative, and judicial	9,993	15,042 \$	11,240	\$ 15,514	\$ 15,552	\$ 22,76
Finance	101,795	110,366	96,286	38,517	•	106,74
Public safety	99,231	87,529	87,558	152,354		110,24
Building inspection	2,884	2,617	2,537	4,578		2,49
Public works	20,438	20,611	24,119	28,223	•	21,99
Recreation	3,933	2,585	2,751	,	,	2,93
Public land and parks	14,444	14,378	16,654	3,341 22,484		17,53
Education			-	-	•	
	289,534	309,029	351,656	361,220		380,73
Community development	22,929	19,218	20,632	16,758		23,43
Interest on long-term debt	14,246	23,945	14,531	26,134	21,863	18,63
Other	1,679	(05.220	(27.064	- ((0.10)	- (00.764	707 7
Total governmental activities expense	581,106	605,320	627,964	669,123	698,764	707,50
Business-type activities:						
PPBA	8,561	9,426	11,496	9,929	,	11,79
Water Supply Board	34,154	37,868	39,184	42,42	43,661	46,10
Civic Center	6,853	6,691	7,743	9,100	5 2,241	
Total business-type activities expense:_	49,568	53,985	58,423	61,450	55,216	57,89
Total primary government expenses	630,674	659,305	686,387	730,579	753,980	765,40
Charges for services: Executive, legislative, and judicial	261	245	238	224	1 234	7:
Finance	9,130	6,912	19,273	22,210	5 24,526	34,7
Public safety	16,413	14,751	16,078	19,413	2 16,336	14,8
Building inspection	2,367	2,845	4,381	4,666	4,817	6,3
Public works	103	185	208	25	3 244	2,2
Recreation	-	64	94	9	1 90	4
Public land and parks	1,278	952	1,133	1,27	1,216	4,0
Education	987	1,201	1,942	1,93	1 2,802	1,5
Community development	-	-	-	2,05	125	7,2
Interest on long-term debt	-	-	-		-	,
Operating grants and contributions:						
Executive, legislative, and judicial	6,153	5,157	410	130	5 142	
Finance	652	1,339	1	26		
Public safety	876	918	1,733	1,69		2,7
Building inspection		•	-,	-,02		-,,
Public works	_	_	3,474	3,04	4 3,171	
Recreation	595	466	504	57	•	7
Public land and parks	-	109	32	57	-	4,6
Education	209,042	214,700	242,517	248,92	7 252,043	248,2
Community development	15,612	17,959	22,198	17,36		15,4
Interest on long-term debt	15,012	17,333	22,170	17,30	1 25,302	13,4
Capital grants and contributions:	-	-	•	-	-	
Finance	11.500	11 040	12 400			
	11,599	11,868	13,609	13.11	-	100
Education	 	-	-	13,11	5 15,199	15,0
Total governmental activities						
program revenue	275,068	279,671	327,825	337,23	5 350,768	359,0

^{*} GASB Statement No. 34 implemented in fiscal year 2002.

Schedule 2 Changes In Net Assets, Continued Last Six Fiscal Years* (accrual basis of accounting) (in thousands)

				Fiscal Year		
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Program revenue:						
Business-type activities:						
Charges for services:						
PPBA	7.958	10.850	7.110	8.197	7,825	10.988
Water Supply Board	43,264	46,661	49,168	48,807	52,432	52,749
Civic Center	4,220	4,159		•		32,747
	4,220	4,139	5,306	5,581	1,824	-
Capital grants and contributions:	1.034	1 226	1.107	1.464	1 200	1,613
Water Supply Board	1,824	1,236	1,197	1,464	1,309	1,013
Civic Center	533	707			*	-
Total business-type activities	5 m m 0 0	(2 (12	ća m a i	(4.040	(2.200	65.250
program revenues	57,799	63,613	62,781	64,049	63,390	65,350
Total primary government program						
revenues		343,284	390,606	401,284	414,158	424,401
Net (expense) revenue:						
Governmental activities	(306,038)	(325,649)	(300,139)	(331,888)	(347,996)	(348,458)
Business-type activities	8,231	9,628	4,358	2,593	8,174	7,455
Total primary government net expens_	(297,807)	(316,021)	(295,781)	(329,295)	(339,822)	(341,003)
General revenues and other changes in net assets:						
Governmental activities:						
Property taxes	211,566	223,186	257,116	258,213	260,629	257,776
Payments in lieu of taxes	22,485	17,000	17,078	17,656	26,879	20,124
Grants and contributions not restricted to	,	.,,,,,,	.,,,,,	,	20,077	
specific programs	37,957	36,947	42,869	45,781	49,546	51,967
Investment income	5,556	8,458	4,191	4,465	8,033	19,779
Gain (loss) on disposal	5,550	0,750	,,,,,,	(31)	3,563	.,,,,,
Miscellaneous		14,191	(3,430)	782	696	17,207
Transfers	(430)	(400)	(600)	(245)	-	17,207
Sale of building and land	(450)	(400)	(000)	(243)	3,148	_
Total governmental activities	277,134	299,382	317,224	326,621	352,494	366,853
Business-type activities:						
Investment earnings	1,504	1,179	1,681	1,670	2,227	3,024
Miscellaneous	425	•	-	-	-	•
Transfers	430	400	600	245	-	•
Special items:						
Sale of building and land	-	-	•	-	9,204	-
Total business-type activities	2,359	1,579	2,281	1,915	11,431	3,024
Total primary government	279,493	300,961	319,505	328,536	363,925	369,877
Changes in net assets:						
Governmental activities	(28,904)	(26,267)	17,085	(5,267)	4,498	18,395
	10,590	11,207	6,639	4,508	19,605	10,479
Business-type activities		14.207				10.479

^{*} GASB Statement No. 34 implemented in fiscal year 2002.

Schedule 3
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(in thousands)

										Fiscal Year	Year									
		1998		1999		2000		2001		2002		2003		2004		2005	7	2006	7	2007
General Fund:		2 285	v	403	y.	403	v	•	6/1	10.200	∽	906	€9	2,290	64	401	643	433	is.	550
Designated for tuture uses	•	3 228	•	5.243	•	6.462	,	7,323	,	8,328		10,226		12,532		16,706		19,251		21,614
Total General Fund	S	5,513 \$	649	5,646	54	6,865	S	7,323	S.	18,528	50	11,126 \$	s,	14,822	\$	17,107	S	19,684	×	22,164
All Other Governmental Funds:																				
Reserved	69	32,478	649	33,848	643	74,409	69	67,467	64)	71,557	69	51,922	~	10,264	59	11,758	∽	10,885	₩	10,157
Unreserved:														;						20071
Designated for future uses		1		•		•		,		•		•		11,035		11,146		11,146		10,020
Undesignated:																		;		;
Capital Projects		63.876		24,501		26,367		21,133		,		•		26,942		24,930		23,541		14,513
Chacial Devenue		(4 788)		(944)		11 761		1,923		24.579		20,702		26,833		57,228		816'56		926,97
Dormonant Trust		(201,1)				'		•		14,440		18,048		20,673		1		•		18,223
Total all other according																				
finds	٠	\$ 91 566 \$ 57 405 \$ 112 537 \$	بى	57 405	Ç	112.537	~	90.523	69	90.523 \$ 110,576 \$		90,672	69	90,672 \$ 95,747 \$ 105,062 \$ 141,490 \$ 135,895	6∕9	105,062	S	41,490	- S	35,895
CHEERS	,	71,700	,	21,123	,		,			,	1									

Schedule 4 Changes In Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (in thousands)

	1008	1000	0000	2001	Fiscal Year	ear 2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Revenues:					2007	000000	6		220.200	
Taxes Departmental revenue	\$ 189,126 3,524	\$ 192,301 3,656	\$ 203,242 4,948	\$ 211,527 \$ 7,861	216,770 \$ 23,554	243,838 \$ 8,728	31,352	32,911	33,877	5 281,422 67,352
Federal and state grants and reimbursements	165.337	201.565	222.524	252,851	288,410	281,956	326,516	329,141	345,627	338,863
Investment and rental income	22,511	17,858	25,413	28,195	10,445	13,315	17,047	15,628	21,305	19,779
Fines and forteitures Orther	1,841	38 848	39,721	3,898 47,778	10.473	26.223	4.075	3,772	4,267	17,207
Total revenues	426,583		499,413	552,110	553,425	577,865	647,094	657,351	696,528	728,930
Expenditures:										
Executive, legislative, and judicial	4,790	4,630	6,455	18,971	9,528	15,417	11,285	11,074	12,995	9,852
Finance	96,65	62,437	47,952	54,715	86,126	94,124	98,836	119,565	124,814	106,674
Fublic safety Building inspection	2,249	7,38 4 2,390	2,637	2,639	2,704	2,592	2,610	2,521	2,600	2,462
Public works	080'6	10,148	10,275	12,240	12,134	12,481	13,426	12,866	13,919	13,423
Recreation Public lands and parks	1,296	1,412	7.675	8,337	3,738 13,036	13,565	2,786 15,411	14,446	16,211	23,718
Education	201,253	224,414	240,914	257,444	282,021	299,911	338,485	345,255	366,910	377,793
Community development Other departments	20.453	10 245	4 797	5 779	676,77	817,61	20,185	18,942	21,143	5.742
Grants	3,279	3,404	3,504	4,042				,	•	4,331
Public properties	15,249	2,515	3,198	2,951	•	•	,	ı	•	
Other Program expenditures	1,305	20,870	31,291	31,831	, ,		. ,	, ,	, ,	
Noncurrent:							3	() () ()	Č.	1000
Capital outlays	10,969	23,538	61,841	32,934	31,890	16,504	10,979	5,709	6,279	19,627
Debt service interest and other payments	916	13,653	35,558	43,635	35,719	39,777	22,649	19,061	14,128	18,978
Total expenditures	418,011	481,899	527,337	553,307	585,244	612,303	642,258	658,934	700,086	739,988
Excess of revenues (under)	8 577	(74 798)	(77 974)	(1 197)	(31.8.19)	(34 438)	4 836	(1.583)	(3.558)	(11.058)
	7/6'0		(+76,17)	(1,127)	(210,15)	(00,4,40)	000.	(600.1)	10,000	(800011)
Other financing sources (uses): Capital leases issued		ŧ	•	•	79,995	34,851	4,535	7,435	9,145	7,547
Capital notes issued	•	,	•	•	•	•	•	•	9,081	. ;
Payment to refunding bonds escrow agent Premium on bond issued	32,447	10 424	128 287	17 216	(22,038)	(27,319)	1 1	(111,980) 3,013	(28,244)	(29,514)
Proceeds from sale of real estate	1	'	'	•	1.	•	•		6,440	, ,
Transfers in Transfers out	235 (386)	21 8 (20)	182	64,120 (103,220)	103,521 (103,951)	97,306 (97,706)	118,126 (118,726)	112,305 (112,550)	138,153 (138,270)	139,458 (139,458)
Proceeds on refunding bonds issued		,			1	•	r	114,960	28,675	29,910
lotal other manicing sources (uses)	32,296	10,622	128,469	(21,884)	57,527	7,132	3,935	13,183	25,758	7,943
Special Items Proceeds from sale	•	,	1	,	,		•	•	16,805	•
					6 0 1	- () () E ()			300 00	
Net changes in fund balance	\$ 40.868	\$ (14.176)	100.545	\$ (23.081) \$	25.708	(27.306)	8.771	11.000	39.005	(3,113)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	0 2%	3.0%	7 6%	8 4%	%5.9	%1.9	3.6%	2.9%	2.0%	2.6%
							Take the second			

Schedule 5 Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (unaudited)

(in thousands)

Fiscal		Tangible	Excise	
Year	Real Estate	Taxes	Taxes	Total
1998	123,496	39,087	18,827	181,410
1999	123,120	40,671	19,476	183,267
2000	131,962	44,777	17,880	194,619
2001	143,781	47,202	20,544	211,527
2002	167,962	30,512	18,294	216,768
2003	181,222	28,834	16,782	226,838
2004	193,896	31,121	18,254	243,271
2005	203,258	28,378	17,131	248,767
2006	209,251	28,154	17,768	255,173
2007	211,732	28,440	15,685	255,857
Change				
1998-2007	71.4%	-27.2%	-16.7%	41.09

Schedule 6 Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands) (unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Residential Property	Tangible Personal Property (1)	Motor Vehicle	Exemptions	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Percent Growth	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
1998	5,469,679	566,684	310,633	(1,282,655)	5,064,341	1.48%	6,028,978	84.00%
1999	5,436,099	584,914	325,322	(1,291,537)	5,054,798	-0.19%	6,017,616	84.00%
2000	5,437,478	622,022	296,593	(1,296,243)	5,059,850	0.10%	6,023,651	84.00%
2001	5,375,740	646,851	268,898	(1,261,983)	5,029,506	-0,50%	5,987,508	84.00%
2002	6,208,931	632,987	258,320	(1,102,234)	5,998,004	18.54%	7,140,480	84.00%
2003	6,162,597	636,696	232,133	(1,052,670)	5,978,756	-0.32%	7,033,831	85.00%
2004	6,154,269	672,482	243,658	(1,082,370)	5,988,039	0.16%	7,044,753	85.00%
2005	9,484,121	638,720	222,344	(3,055,179)	7,290,006	21.74%	8,570,000	85.06%
2006	9,496,709	636,126	241,061	(3,139,525)	7,234,371	-0.76%	8,817,812	82.04%
2007	9,651,377	657,840	599,020	(3,593,637)	7,314,600	1.11%	8,511,027	85.94%

Schedule 7
Principal Property Taxpayers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago
(unaudited)

		20	07			19	98	
-				Percentage				Percentage
				of Total				of Total
				City				City
		Taxable		Taxable		Taxable		Taxable
		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer		Value	Rank	Value		Value	Rank	Value
Narragansett Electric Co.	\$	179,765,078	1	2.46%	\$	164,156,851	1	3.29%
Fleet Center Associates	•	96,514,144	2	1.32%	*	49,239,400	5	0.99%
Capital Properties, Inc.		69,612,969	3	0.95%		126,536,803	2	2.54%
RI Hospital Trust National Bank		39,989,985	5	0.55%		54,439,738	3	1.09%
Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Rhode Island		35,379,664	6	0.48%		39,800,500	7	0.80%
Textron Realty Corporation		34,276,371	7	0.47%		37,751,210	8	0.76%
Providence Gas Company		33,535,939	8	0.46%		47,884,188	6	0.96%
The Providence Journal Company		44,438,599	4	0.61%		51,876,826	4	1.04%
Laurelmead Cooperative		31,273,237	9	0.43%		-	_	0.00%
Providence Realty Associates LP		30,613,183	10	0.42%		-	-	0.00%
Avalon Properties Inc.		27,208,393	11	0.37%		-	-	0.00%
Edward E. Zucker (trustee)		26,341,817	12	0.36%		-	-	0.00%
One Twenty One South Main Street, LLC		21,945,671	13	0.30%		-	-	0.00%
Alpine Realty Providence LLC		20,773,953	14	0.28%		-	-	0.00%
Home Depot USA, Inc.		19,173,114	15	0.26%		•	-	0.00%
One Financial Center Plaza LLC		18,484,616	16	0.25%		-	-	0.00%
Historic Hotel Partners of Providence, LP		18,436,330	17	0.25%		-	-	0.00%
Jefferson At Providence Place Apartments, L		18,403,259	18	0.25%		-	-	0.00%
Foundry Parcel Fifteen Associates, LLC		18,253,832	19	0.25%		_	_	0.00%
Elizabeth T. Corson Westminster Trust		17,165,725	_ 20	0.23%		-	<u>-</u>	0.00%
Total	\$	801,585,879	=	11.00%	\$	571,685,516	-	11.46%

Schedule 8 Property Tax Levies And Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

Collected Within the

		Fiscal Year o	f the Levy	_	Total Collection	ons to Date
Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Net Taxes Levied for the Tax Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
1998	196,309,904	179,290,303	91.33%	12,051,284	191,341,587	97.47%
1999	198,276,055	180,839,604	91.21%	11,903,302	192,742,906	97.21%
2000	206,444,935	191,437,915	92.73%	10,209,612	201,647,527	97.68%
2001	214,851,680	199,539,625	92.87%	10,741,936	210,281,561	97.87%
2002	221,121,470	208,194,767	94.15%	11,500,233	219,695,000	99.35%
2003	228,040,394	215,494,344	94.50%	8,775,461	224,269,805	98.35%
2004	240,581,574	231,862,834	96.38%	4,605,251	236,468,085	98.29%
2005	248,700,567	240,140,679	96.56%	5,403,778	245,544,457	98.73%
2006	254,005,375	243,165,192	95.73%	10,498,841	253,664,033	99.87%
2007	261,450,407	245,357,642	93.84%	-	245,357,642	93.84%

Source: City Tax Collector Records

Schedule 9 Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited) (in thousands)

	General Obligation Net Debt Per Capita	780		710	594	591	851	808	092	719	674	638
	Percentage of Personal Income	*		*	*	*	*	* *	*	*	* *	*
	Total Primary Government	130 307	100,000	311,182	432,335	431,015	481,172	529,879	500,932	489,681	474,003	503,061
vities	Capital Leases	17 587	12,304	11,811	11,316	9,990	8,621	7,391	6,105	5,009	3,865	2,950
Business-Type Activities	Revenue	127 00	1/0,77	22,396	24,677	26,823	27,129	28,856	22,135	22,437	18,070	11,879
Busin	Line of Credit		•	ŧ	,	1	•	•	789	1,104	385	300
	Notes Pavable	261.7	0,1,0	2,847	2,659	2,349	7,764	6,904	5,966	4,974	4,215	3,434
	Capital Notes and	000 76	70,009	28,053	38,615	44,602	48,084	50,123	47,959	50,987	59,994	58,453
Activities	PPBA Debt	1000	40,00	92,410	146,853	141,811	143,534	200,120	192,768	182,930	173,474	222,415
Governmental Activities	Special Obligation Tax Increment	*	,	*	*	33,275	32,040	30,700	29,250	27,675	28,285	26,260
	Revenue Ronde	compa		•	000,89	69,430	66,750	65,445	64,085	67,315	66,500	64,525
	General Obligation Ronde	comon	100,000	153,665	140,215	102,735	147,250	140,340	131,875	127,250	119,215	112,845
'	Fiscal Vear	9001	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt may be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

^{*} Amounts were included in general obligation bonds.

^{**} Information not available.

Schedule 10 Direct Governmental Activities Debt For the Year Ended June 30, 2007

(unaudited)
(in thousands)

Governmental Unit	Debt standing
General obligation debt:	
General obligation bonds	\$ 112,845
Revenue bonds	64,525
Special obligation tax increment	26,260
Notes payable	3,434
Capital leases	20,949
Capital notes	37,504
PPBA debt-City	222,415
Total direct debt	\$ 487,932

Note: The City of Providence is not subject to the debt of overlapping governments.

Schedule 11 Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years and Current Year Computation (unaudited)

(in thousands)

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2007	
Taxable Property	\$ 7,314,600
Debt limit (3% of taxable property)	219,400
Debt applicable to limit:	
General obligaton bonds	112,800
Less: debt not subject to 3% limit*	93,400
Total net debt applicable to limit	 19,400
Legal debt margin	 200,000

Schedule 12
Legal Debt Margin Information
Last Ten Fiscal Years and Current Year Computation
(unaudited)

(in thousands)

					Fiscal	Fiscal Year				
	8661	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Debt limit	\$180,900	\$180,500	\$180,700	\$179,600	\$179,600	\$179,600 \$179,400	\$218,700	\$206,500	\$210,700	219,400
Total net debt applicable to limit	47,400	43,000	39,000	35,300	33,200	29,500	31,600	27,500	23,400	19,400
Legal debt margin	133,500	137,500	141,700	144,300	146,400	149,900	187,100	179,000	179,000 187,300	200,000
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	36%	31%	28%	24%	23%	20%	17%	15%	12%	%01
Debt outstanding issued outside the 3% debt limit*	\$116,900	\$108,200	\$ 99,200	\$100,900	\$114,000	\$110,900	\$102,500	\$ 99,800	\$116,900 \$108,200 \$ 99,200 \$100,900 \$114,000 \$110,900 \$102,500 \$ 99,800 \$ 95,700 \$ 93,400	\$ 93,400

^{*} The State of Rhode Island General Assembly has, by Special Act, permitted the City to incur indebtedness outside the 3% debt limit. This amount excludes water and sewer bonds that are deemed self-supporting.

Schedule 13 Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited) (in thousands)

		Was	ter Supply	Board	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Redevelo	pment Reven	ue Bonds	
Fiscal	Utility Service	Less Operating	Net Available	Debt S	Service		Fiscal		Debt Se	rvice	
Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Year	Collections	Principal	Interest	Coverage
1998	31,916	23,311	8,605	-	**	-	1998	•	-		•
1999	39,809	29,838	9,971	-	**		1999	_	-	-	-
2000	41,558	32,961	8,597	-	**		2000	5,394	-	•	~
2001	42,613	34,530	8,083	•	**	-	2001	11,584	-	-	-
2002	41,699	32,925	8,774	425	**	20.60	2002	4,767	1,250	_	3.80
2003	45,177	36,759	8,418	443	179	13.50	2003	4,360	1,305	_	3,40
2004	49,168	37,614	11,554	464	229	16.70	2004	6,624	1,360	3,662	1.32
2005	48,807	40,871	7,936	516	207	11.00	2005	6,858	*	-	_
2006	52,432	42,446	9,986	509	183	14.43	2006	· -	*	_	-
2007	52,749	45,181	7,568	537	158	10.89	2007	-	*	-	-

Civic Center Bonds

Providence Public Building Authority Revenue

Fiscal		Operating	Net Available	Debt S	Service	_	Fiscal		Debt Se	rvice	
Year	Charges	Expenses	Revenues	Principal	Interest	Coverage	Year	Collections	Principal	Interest	Coverage
1998	3,180	4,246	(1,066)	•	-	-	1998	•	•	•	-
1999	4,100	5,929	(1,829)	•	-	•	1999	-	-	_	•
2000	4,569	6,394	(1,825)	190	109	(6.1)	2000	_	-	-	-
2001	3,934	6,153	(2,219)	195	99	(7.5)	2001	-	-	-	-
2002	4,645	6,744	(2,099)	205	109	(6.7)	2002	7,958	6,330	7,666	0.57
2003	4,159	6,592	(2,433)	215	99	(7.7)	2003	10,850	6,630	7,782	0.75
2004	5,492	7,659	(2,167)	225	68	(7.4)	2004	7,110	7,322	6,943	0.50
2005	4,885	8,949	(4,064)	235	151	(10.4)	2005	8,197	9,838	9,189	0.43
2006	1,824	2,241	(417)	****	•	-	2006	7,825	10,516	8,713	0.41
2007	-	,	_	****	_	-	2007	10.988	11.058	9.829	0.53

^{*} Bond was fully refunded in 2005.

^{**} Not available.

^{***} Bonds were refunded.

^{****} Note: The Civic Center Authority was sold on December 5, 2005.

Schedule 14 Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Population***	Personal Income	Per Capita Income****	Median Age***	School Enrollment**	Unemployment(*) Rate
1998	160,728	(1)	24,369	(1)	26,147	6.2%
1999	160,728	(1)	25,017	(1)	26,427	5.4%
2000	173,618	(1)	26,617	28.1	26,937	5.0%
2001	173,618	(1)	28,318	28.1	27,159	6.1%
2002	173,618	(1)	28,925	28.1	27,580	6.1%
2003	173,618	(1)	29,787	28.1	27,900	6.4%
2004	173,618	(1)	30,837	28.1	26,741	6.1%
2005	176,862	(1)	21,978	30.4	25,615	6.3%
2006	176,862	(1)	(1)	30.4	25,190	6.9%
2007	176,862	(1)	(1)	30.4	24,494	6.1%

(1) Unavailable

* Source: Rhode Island Department of Labor and Training

** RI Department of Education

*** Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census

**** Source U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Schedule 15 Principal Employers 2007 and 1998 (unaudited)

		2007			1998	
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Rhode Island Hospital	6,063	1	5.39%	5,185	1	5.22%
Brown University	3,251	2	2.89%	3,000	2	3.02%
Bank of America/Fleet National Bank	3,040	5	2.70%	1,168	10	1.18%
Women and Infants Hospital	2,800	3	2.49%	2,006	4	2.02%
The Miriam Hospital	2,161	4	1.92%	1,646	9	1.66%
Roger Williams Medical Center	1,340	7	1.19%	1,626	7	1.64%
Citizens Bank	1,289	8	1.15%	2,200	3	2.22%
Johnson & Wales University	1,200	9	1.07%	1,500	8	1.51%
Verizon	1,115	6	0.99%	-	-	0.00%
Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Rhode Island	1,066	10	0.95%	1,441	6	1.45%
Providence Journal	964	11	0.86%	1,800	5	1.81%
Veteran's Administration Medical Center	946	12	0.84%	-	-	0.00%
Rhode Island School of Design	900	14	0.80%	900	12	0.91%
Rhode Island College	856	15	0.76%	-	-	0.00%
Gilbane Building Company	856	16	0.76%	-	-	0.00%
Butler Hospital	800	21	0.71%	-	-	0.00%
Manpower Inc.	750	17	0.67%	-	-	0.00%
St. Joseph Hospital for Specialty Care	750	18	0.67%	1,000	11	1.01%
Pinkerton Northeast	700	20	0.62%	-	-	0.00%
Lifespan Corporate Services	652	19	0.58%	-	-	0.00%

Sources: Rhode Island Department of Labor and Training

Schedule 16 Full-Time Equivalent Employees By Functional Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003 2002	2002	2001	2000	6661	8661
Functions/Program										
Executive Legislative Indicial and Finance:									;	•
City Council	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	c -	<u>a</u> -
City Sergeant		_			_	_ ;	:	→ 0	<	
City Clerk	01	6	6	01	01	01	01	2, 1	6	<i>,</i> 0
Personnel	12	12	12	01	01	= 8	پ د	٠ دد	۷,	, ,
Finance	30	23	30	33	30	20	77	57	3 "	3 c
Computer Services	•	7	. ;	. ;	, 6	٠ ٦	م د	7 ;	ر در	, c
Legal	22	22	22	77	07 6	. 17 6	07	- ×	3 = 7	20 20
Courts	23	23	23	74	67	4 7	7	2 4	; ~	· •
Retirement	5	٠ .	S.	^ '	Λ '	n 4	+ v	, v	, ,	· vo
Board Tax Assessment	Š	so :	٠. د	^ ·	^ 4	n v	· ·	0 4	, •	4
City Treasurer	5	S	~ ;	^ °	^ •	n <u>a</u>	71	- 5	· <u>×</u>	90
City Collector	8 2	91	<u>∞</u> :	20	6 9	2 در	0 00	. . .	23	23
City Assessor	91	×2	0	07		77	2	i	1	
Recreation and Public Land and Parks:		•	,	5	17	99	85	99	69	19
Grounds Maintenance	44	47	75	79	40 6	90	3,5	33	24	25
Recreation	02 :	20	07 5	77	97	97 97	2 7	36	33	31
200		<i>)</i> ?	7.	00	Ç	5 -	91	91	<u>~</u>	20
Forestry	7	4 ,	9 9	2 %	/10	: :	87	36	47	44
Parks	49	45	95	66	÷ -	3 -	2 ==	: =	=	Ξ
Greenhouse	= :	= ;	4-	4 6	71	7 2	. c	7,0	30	29
Public Property	33	57	57	67	07	67	3	ì		ı
Public Safety:	;			40	103	003	603	633	550	519
Police department	592	592	563	284	78/	060	767	700	25	23
Commissioner's Office	7	7		- 00		01.5	0 13	1001	2005	200
Firefighters' Department	487	484	485	208	211	110	010	***	× ×	90
Communication	78	9 2	8/	84	16	*	ţ	3	3	}
Public Works:		•	•	•		01	9	o	10	6
Administration	01	01	01	01	.	0 "	2 "	· •	9	ء ، د
Engineering	7	7	×	` .	0 >	7 6		. 2	o <u>o</u>	17
Environmental Control	12	12	12	12	97 :	ς:	5 7	9 5	35	35
Highway and Bridge Maintenance	20	48	48	99	42	44	4	77		G =
Sewer Maintenance	10	6	01	6	6	٤,	, ,	= :	- 03	. 9
Miscellaneous	45	45	44	47	52	<u>ک</u> (90°	7,	<u>ا</u> ه	3 "
Garage	6	∞	6	6	90	5	6	0	0	` ,
Traffic Engineering	12	13	=	=	• :	. :	, :	, ;	. :	· ·
Building Inspection	13	12	13	4	51	41.00	4 7 7 7	2 7	C [X	Ç \
School Department	3,345	3,333	3,342	3,473	3,435	3,382	3,243	W/N	2071	1774
Total	1 7 0 2	2103	7003	0003	901	V 1 2	700	2	000	/607

Schedule 17 Operating Indicators By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited) (in thousands)

					Calend	ar Year				
Function/Program	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998
Police:										
Calls for service	149	190	190	190	190	190	190	150	170	170
Fire:										
Total fire calls	14	13	13	13	13	13	15	15	12	12
Total rescue calls	26	25	25	25	25	26	26	26	23	23
Building safety:										
Total building permits	3,210	8,250	7,759	7,418	5,914	5,165	5,145	5,821	5,608	5,289
Total value all permits	TBD	251,400	172,700	315,400	166,000	140,300	107,800	106,600	144,800	86,600
Public service:										
Residential garbage collected (ton)	TBD	69	69	69	69	60	60	60	70	70

Schedule 18 Capital Asset Statistics By Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

Function/Program	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998
Public Safety:										
Fire, Fire Stations	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	16	16
Fire trucks	23	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28	28
Public Works:										
Traffic signals										
Collection Trucks										
Bridges	27	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53	53
Streets (Miles)	370	417	417	417	417	417	417	417	417	417
Manholes	20	20	20	20	20	20	12	12	-	-
Catch Basins	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Drain inlets	4									
Parks & Recreation:										
Acreage	1,300									
Parks	124	141	141	141	141	141	141	110	110	110
Golf Course	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-
Baseball/Softball Diamonds	40	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
Greenhouse	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4
Soccer/Football Fields	11	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
Water Parks	9	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2
Museum	1	1	i	1	1	1	1	1	-	-
Swimming pools	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	-	-
Recreation Centers	10	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	-	-
Zoo	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community Centers										
Water:										
Lakes	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Wastewater:										
Sanitary/Combination Sewer (miles	300	415	415	415	415	415	415	415	415	315

^{* -} Indicator not available.

